The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 26, 1908. NO. 13.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN. Cashier.

To the Business Community

Our Aim is to make this in every respect the PEOPLES' BANK, where all may feel at home and be assured that by our CONSTANT CARE and CONSERVATIVE MANAGEMENT their interests will be well and SAFELY GUARDED.

WE EXTEND THE ACCOMMODATIONS OF A STRONG AND SUCCESSFUL BANK.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Accounts

The Bloomsburg National Bank

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

SPRING CLOTHES
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN!

Our Motto

has been, is, and always will be The Same for Less Money, and Better for the Same Money.

Our Clothing is better in every way.

Better in Style

because it has the same perfect lines which you find in the very highest price garments.

Better in Fit

—because it is designed by men who understand every variation of the human form and the same

Fit and Finish

in every garment no matter what price.

Men's Suits $6.00 to $25.00

TOWNSEND'S
CORNER.

BISHOP FOWLER DEAD.

The Rev. Charles H. Fowler, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his home in New York on Friday last.

Bishop Fowler's long life was filled with activity for the church and the cause of education. Born in Burford, Ontario, in 1837, he was graduated from Genesee College, now Syracuse University, in 1859, and was the valedictorian of his class. He also headed his class at graduation from the Garrett Biblical Institute, which he entered soon after leaving college, and was the first man to receive the honorary degree of D. D. from that institution. After completing his education he removed to Chicago, where he studied law, but never practiced that profession.

Entering the ministry at the conclusion of his law studies he served as pastor of several churches in Chicago during the next twelve years, and in 1872 was elected president of Northwestern University. He remained at the head of that institution for four years and then became editor of the *Christian Advocate* in New York. He was made general missionary secretary of the church in 1880, and four years later was elected bishop.

Bishop Fowler was acting as pastor of one of Chicago's churches at the time of the great fire, and it was he who suggested the plan of pooling the interests in the different churches until all should have the time to rehabilitate themselves.

As missionary secretary he organized Peking University in North China, Nanking University in Central China; the first Methodist Episcopal Church in St. Petersburg; established the McClay College of Theology in Southern California, and consolidated the three colleges in Nebraska into the Nebraska Wesleyan University at Lincoln.

He suggested and inaugurated the Twentieth Century Thank Offering of his church, whereby more than $20,000,000 was raised for the church. He also originated the Open Door Emergency Commission, which eventuated in the great Cleveland convention, at which, with the bishop presiding, $225,000 was raised in a single evening.

He was trustee of Syracuse University, Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, N. J.; American University, member of the board of managers of the Methodist Missionary Society, the Church Extension Society, Freedmea's Aid and other Methodist societies.

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

I am acquainted with W. C. Sweppenheiser, and have always treated him, as well as other taxpayers of Columbia County, as a gentleman. Schweppenheiser has a right to do as he pleases with every dollar he honestly earns, and so have I. If I choose to spend my own money for old books, it is my own business I am willing to give to others the rights that I claim for myself. As to my proficiency as a Clerk, and as to whether my work is up to the standard or not, the books in the office are open for public inspection. I have had 106 books to make up for the Spring Primary that no other clerk ever had, and I had no help in making them. I was paid for this work by the state last year the same as other Commissioners' Clerks throughout the state.

A. B. BLACK.

The Citizens Band was out last night, and made some fine music on the streets.

THE COUNTY FAIR.

The Columbia County fair will be held this year on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th of October.

The total amount which will be offered as purses for the racing events will be $1200 or $100 more than last year. While the free-for-all trot or pace purse has been reduced from $600 to $500, a 2:30 class, for a purse of $200, has been added for horses owned in the county, which will give one more racing event than usual.

Instead of acrobats to entertain the audience between heats it was decided to secure the famous Batty's trained bears. A regular bull fight in which men and real bulls will take part will also be an attraction, and it is safe to say that either of them will be equal to anything heretofore given.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7th.

No. 1, 2:18 Class, Pacing, purse $400.00.

No. 2, 2:27 Class, Trotting, purse $400.00.

No. 3, 2:21 Class, Pacing, purse $400.00.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8th.

No. 4, 2:12 Class, Pacing, purse $500.00.

No. 5, 2:16 Class, Trotting, purse $500.00.

No. 6, 2:21 Class, Pacing, purse $400.00.

No. 7, 2:30 Trot or Pace, in County, purse $200.00.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9th.

No. 8, Free-for-All Trot or Pace, purse $500.00.

No. 9, 2:20 Class, Trotting, purse $400.00.

No. 10, 2:15 Class, Pacing, purse $500.00.

CONDITIONS.

The conditions are as follows: National Trotting Association rules to govern with exceptions noted; entrance fee 5 per cent with 5 per cent added to purse winners; five to enter, four to start; hopples not barred; best in five heats; a horse distancing the field will receive but one premium. Entries close Tuesday, October 1st, 1908.

LADIES' COLONIAL MINSTRELS.

Benefit of Y. W. C. A.

A number of the members of the Young Women's Christian Association have organized the Ladies' Colonial Minstrels for the purpose of giving an entertainment for the benefit of the Association.

It will be given in Evans' Hall on the evenings of April 2nd and 4th. The first part will consist of an olio, the personnel of which will be as follows:

Interlocutress—Mrs. A. R. Heimiller.

Bones—Mary Lewis, Lizzie Moyer.

Tamborines—Katherine Gray, May House.

Premier comedians—Miss Gertrude Miller, Miss Florence Bergold.

First circle—May Gross, Carrie Smith, Blanche Smith, Aletha Bomboy, Lena Bundy, Clara Eastman, Laura Wagonseller, Edith Krum.

Second circle—Mrs. Oviatt, Christine Welliver, Elva Reaser, Amy Ashworth, Ada Ashworth, Bessie Eastman, Elsie Gilpin, Carrie Betz.

The second part of the program will consist of specialties ending with a farce comedy, entitled: "Mrs. Black's Pink Tea."

An orchestra of ten pieces will furnish the music.

The entertainment promises to be a very enjoyable one, and is worthy of liberal patronage. The price of admission is only 25 cents.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

John M. Clark, assignee of Neals, to John Shultz for a lot of ground in the town of Bloomsburg.

Harrison D. Miller to N. C. Cragle for three tracts of land in Mifflin township containing in all about 105 acres of land.

Sarah Frederick to J. C. Fox for a house and lot of ground on the South side of Main street, Catawissa.

Elizabeth Fetterman to Isaac Fetterman for 67 acres and 50 perches of land situate in Locust township.

Francis P. Nertney et al. to James O'Conner for the surface right to a lot of ground on the South side of Center street in the borough of Centralia.

Oliver Lynn and Catherine Lynn to Edward Hartman for 22 acres and 141 perches of land in Center township.

Washington National Building and Loan Association to John J. Henry for a house and lot of ground situate on the West side of Leonard street, Bloomsburg.

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to William Purcell for lot No. 444 on the South side of First avenue in the borough of West Berwick.

Joshua Zimmerman and wife to Thomas Aten for 47 acres and 58 perches of land in Mifflin township.

Thomas Aten, Sr., to Thomas Aten, Jr., for three tracts of land situate in Mifflin township containing in all about 81 acres of land.

Commissioners of Columbia County to Wm. Krickbaum for 3 acres of land in Mifflin township in name of George Longenberger.

William Krickbaum and wife to Thomas Aten for 3 acres of land in Mifflin township.

Sarah Robbins Stecker to Honora R. Grimes for a lot of ground on West First street in the town of Bloomsburg.

James P. Pursell and wife et al. to J. S. Grimes for lots Nos. 13 and 14 in block 2 of the plan of lots laid out by the Inter-Burban Realty Company known as 'Glen Heights.'

Silas W. Pettit et al. to James R. Clendenin for their interest in a tract of land in Beaver township in the warrantee name of "Andrew Clark," containing 372¾ acres of land.

Chas. C. Rhoades et al. to Jas. K. Clendenin for their undivided shares in a tract of land in Beaver township in the warrantee name of "Andrew Clark," containing 372¾ acres of land.

James R. Clendenin to Charles A. Farnum for 372¾ acres of land in Beaver township in the warrantee name of Andrew Clark, excepting and reserving the surface thereof and also use of sufficient ground to construct switches adjoining the S. H. & W. Railroad.

Charles A. Farnum et ux to Cabin Run Coal Company for two tracts of land situate in Beaver township.

Andrew Fleming and wife to C. A. Fenstermacher for a lot of ground in the borough of West Berwick.

Wilson Wolf and wife to Abiah Simsin for a lot of ground in the borough of Berwick.

The letters D. L. & W. will be removed from all Lackawanna Railroad stock, and the word "Lackawanna" substituted. This will include the obliteration of the old sign on 700 locomotives and 1000 passenger coaches, besides on the other cars.

PRIMARY ELECTION LAW.

As the primary election to be held on April 11th is the second one to be held under the new election law, the voters are not yet very familiar with the provisions of the Act. We therefore print below such portions of the law as apply to the ballots and the methods of voting which should be thoroughly understood, as it will be observed that there are heavy penalties attached to violation of this law.

Part of Section 8 is as follows:

The polls shall be open between the hours of two post meridian and eight post meridian: Provided, That all persons licensed to sell liquors, either at wholesale or retail, or as bottlers, shall be compelled to keep their places of business closed, on said days for holding said primary elections, only between the hours of one o'clock post meridian and nine o'clock post meridian.

Primaries shall be conducted in conformity with the laws governing the conduct of general elections, in so far as the same are not modified by the provisions of this act or are not inconsistent with its terms: But, provided, That no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot, unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot.

Section 10. The qualifications of electors entitled to vote at a primary shall be the same as the qualifications of electors entitled to vote at elections, within the election district where the primary is held. Each elector shall prove his qualifications and his identity in the same manner in which electors in the election district in which he offers to vote are, or hereafter may be, required by law to prove their qualifications or identity, on election day.

Each elector shall have the right to receive the ballot of the party for which he asks: Provided, That if he is challenged, he shall be required to make oath or affirmation that, at the next preceding general election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of the party for whose ballot he asks.

Upon executing such affidavit the voter shall be entitled to receive the ballot for which he has called, and to cast his vote according to law.

Section 14. Any person who votes or attempts to vote at a primary, knowing that he does not possess the qualifications of a voter at such primary, as indicated by this act, or who shall vote or attempt to vote more than once at a primary, or who shall have unlawfully in his possession an official ballot, outside the polling place, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. No police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizens' clothes, shall be within one hundred feet of a polling place during the conduct of a primary election, unless in the exercise of his privilege of voting, or for the purpose of the serving of warrants, or the preserving of the peace.

Any election officer who permits a person to vote at any primary, with the knowledge that such person is not so entitled to vote, or refuses to permit any lawfully entitled elector to vote at such primary, with the knowledge that such person is so entitled to vote, or who refuses to permit him to receive the party ballot for which he asks, after having executed the affidavit herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Any election officer or clerk who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary, or who shall make a false return of the votes cast at such primary, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box, or who shall certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot box which he knows to have been fraudulently deposited therein, or who shall write false names in the lists of voters for the purpose of concealing the deposit of such fraudulent ballots or of aiding in the perpetration of such fraud, or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Except as modified by the terms of this act, election officers shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for violations or neglect of their duties at a primary as they are or hereafter may be subject to for violation or neglect of such duties at elections. In all other respects, officers officiating at primaries shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided by law for offenses committed at primaries. The existing laws relating to bribery at primaries shall continue in force, and shall apply to bribery at primaries as provided by this act.

MONUMENT CONTRACT LET.

The contract for the erection of a soldiers and sailors monument at Bloomsburg was awarded to J. U. Kurtz, of Berwick, last Friday, whose bid of $7,795 was the lowest of five submitted.

The monument will be erected in Market square, and according to the terms of the contract will be finished by the 30th of next September.

COURT BUSINESS.

Court was in session on Tuesday morning when the following business was transacted:

Emma J. Harmony vs. John Harmony. Court handed down a decree granting a divorce to the libellant.

In the estate of C. G. Murphy deceased, upon petition proceedings in partition were decreed by the Court.

Directors of the Poor of Conyngham township and Centralia borough vs. Thomas I. Curran, former tax collector. This was an action to recover from the sureties on his official bond. After considerable argument between Mr. Flynn, who represented the plaintiff, and Messrs. Ikeler and Harman who represented the defendants, as to the sufficiency of the affidavit of defense the case was placed on the argument list for the April term.

C. G. Murphy estate vs. Mary J. Barry petition for a rule to strike off judgment granted, returnable the first Monday in April.

Sale of real estate ordered in the estate of J. M. Sutliff, deceased.

Bond of Ellen Lynch, guardian of Catharine Nertney approved by the Court.

A petition was presented by C. C. Yetter, Esq., representing that John P. Aten had resigned as supervisor of Mifflin township and requested that A. R. Henry be appointed in his stead.

The Court made an order that upon the resignation of Mr. Aten being filed in the Prothonotary's office the appointment would be made.

Lutheran Reunion at Island Park.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Susquehanna Lutheran Reunion association held in Sunbury last Thursday, Island Park was chosen as the place for the next reunion and July 23rd will probably be the date. A number of noted speakers have been engaged and an especial program is being arranged.

Owing to the crowded condition of the Joseph Ratti Hospital, it has been necessary to refuse patients during the past week.

CURE FOR RED HANDS

INDIGESTION AND SLUGGISH CIRCULATION ONE CAUSE.

Soothing External Applications Relieve Roughness—Vigorous Exercise and Proper Food are Also Cures.

What a comfort it would be if there were only one remedy for making hands white, but unfortunately, as that ugly redness may have many causes, various cures are required. For instance, indigestion and sluggish circulation, bring this condition quite as often as exposure to cold winds, and that different treatments are needed for relief is obvious.

It really takes but little thought to decide the cause of the trouble, and the cure should be governed accordingly. When so much difficulties exist it is obviously the part of wisdom to take to simple food, be sure that the liver performs its functions, and to drink plenty of water. Three pints a day, between, not with the meals, are not too much, for thus is the system flushed, and impurities are removed.

If poor circulation is responsible, care should be taken that the clothes are not so tight as to interfere with the free coursing of the blood, and much violent exercising must be indulged in. This includes walking, rapidly, not slowly, calisthenics of the simplest sort, housework, indeed, whatever will set the blood circulating quickly. If the redness is caused by carelessness in protecting the hands while at work and when going into the cold, wearing gloves, both indoors and out, will be a great help to them. Rubber ones put on when any work requiring the hands being placed in water, are a most important protection. An old pair of her husband's or brother's dog skin gloves are the best to wear while sweeping or dusting.

Along with these fundamentals to bring about an improved condition, be it said that external applications will do no harm, and the likelihood is that they will help tremendously to bring about whiteness.

As a rule, neutralizers of water are not sufficiently used. In the case of hard water a little borax should be put in as a softener. If money were no object, olive oil of pure quality would be a most excellent substitute for cleansing the hands. More than one application would be required; that is, when the fingers are soiled the first unction of oil would simply loosen the dirt, and another would be required to remove the grease. Afterwards a careful and thorough wiping with a very soft cloth would remove all trace of oil, and the hands would have been cleansed without the skin being dried.

This kind of treatment is expensive, however, and few persons can afford to indulge in it.

Next to that, one would do well to use glycerinated water. This is simply chemically pure glycerine in the proportion of a tablespoonful to a pint of water, but less soap will be required.

A more rapid whitener is chlorinated lime, five grains being dissolved in an ordinary basinful of water. The temperature should be lukewarm, not hot.

Still stronger is a combination of a teaspoonful of muriate of ammonia, a tablespoonful of aromatic vinegar and a quart of water. In this the hands, not merely the fingers should be soaked for ten minutes, morning and night.

Don't You Know—

1. That our finest white bread contains little else but starch, so does not deserve the name of "staff of life."

2. That flour of good quality clings to the hand, and when pressed lightly remains in shape; it is also of a cream tint.

3. That a warm cupboard and damp pantry are equally bad places in which to keep bread.

4. That a large earthenware crock with a lid is best for that purpose.

5. That bread loses one-sixth of its weight in the baking.

6. That if bread is covered when hot the crust will not be crisp.

For Tired Feet.

No woman can housekeep properly whose feet ache and ache after standing much on them. A sure relief, and often a permanent cure is effected by bathing them just before retiring. Throw a tablespoon of Epsom salts into a foot tub of as hot water as can be comfortably borne, enough to cover the feet to the ankle or well above it; soak feet for fifteen minutes, rub dry with a coarse towel and get into bed at once. Do this every night for a month at least, regularly, and it will do all that is claimed. I have tried it myself and seen others do it, I know whereof I speak.

How to Make Use of Old Silks.

Take the best parts of an old skirt, make the silk come about 25 inches on the same lining if good. When worn too much, buy five cents' worth of cambric for a new skirt. Make a ruffle of sateen pleated with a double one over the other. Place at the bottom of the skirt and stitch several rows of machine work where the silk is joined on the lining. You have then a nice underskirt at small expense.

JUMP THE ROPE.

If You Would Restore Figure to Its Former Sylphlike Lines.

If you would retain the sylphlike form or attain one, in case the accumulation of adipose tissue has distorted your former slenderness into unsightly lines, jump the rope.

This is what certain New York women are spending their spare time in doing nowadays. When you see a woman who once tipped the scales at 200 and now balances them at 135 you may be sure that she has been following the latest form of beauty culture.

From Paris comes the beauty culturist who introduced this simple method of flesh reduction, and though she pretends that some mysterious medicinal virtues emanate from the handles of her skipping ropes yet those who have tried the system with ordinary skipping ropes report remarkable results from the sport.

As a matter of fact, this reformer herself might recommend almost anything in the line of beauty culture for flesh reduction and her adherents would follow it, even to standing on their heads, if that would do any good, for she has a sylphlike form herself. Encased in sheathlike corsets over which hangs easily a princess gown of white broadcloth she presents a picture of grace that any woman would do much to acquire.

Anchor on the Dust Pan.

The virtues of the dust-pan as a household convenience have been long since recognized to the extent that the implement has now come into almost universal use in all the civilized countries, but a serious venture connected with its use is the stooping involved. With the pan in one hand, and its companion-piece, the dust brush, in the other, the operator must stoop continually, so that the work is more than usually tiresome. A long-handled dust-pan is in use to some limited extent, but it requires a long-handled brush, also, which is unsuited for all kinds of work.

A very welcome improvement is shown in the cut herewith, which

TOE ANCHORS THE DUST-PAN.

has been recently patented. With this implement dust accumulations of dirt which have been swept up may be carried right into the dust-pan with the aid of the broom alone and without the necessity of the brush or involving any stooping whatever.

The implement has two excellent features. The first one is the employment of an easel of wire secured to it in such a manner as to support it in just the right position for the sweeper, and the other is that this wire construction is designed in the shape of a stirrup made to accommodate the toe, so that it may be held firmly in position while the act of sweeping the dust into it may be accomplished.

Dancing Makes One Graceful.

"That's not the way, little Beth!" she exclaimed. "Get the music well into your head and your feet will obey you, too, and you will float like a cloud. That is why everybody ought to learn to dance, so that their bodies may be trained to move gracefully and rhythmically. Weak-minded people never walk well but shuffle. That is because they do not know how to hold themselves together with a thought.

"Now let me show you how to stand when dancing. Do not press close to your partner nor look as if you was afraid to come too near. Stand erect, bending the merest trifle forward from the hip joints not the waist, just enough to keep your dignity and his. Then your left hand must not look as though you were clutching his shoulder. You must bend your left elbow and rest your hand in the crook of his arm."

"We began dancing again as she hummed, and at every step I went better, forgetting myself in the rythm of the music, following my guide, not trying to lead her, until to my delight she exclaimed: 'Splendid, splendid! You will be a superb dancer yet."—Delineator.

Sewing Box.

Obtain an ordinary wooden cheese box from your grocer and get three pieces of wood 3½ feet by 1½ by 1½ inches. Either paint or varnish both box or sticks. Now, at equal distances apart, screw the sticks to the box, leaving about one foot projecting, to be the "feet." The cover of the box can then be screwed on the stick above the box and almost at the end of the sticks. Then line the cover and box with some pretty material that can be laundered.

FURNITURE STAINS

MAY BE PREPARED AT HOME IN THREE SHADES.

Possible to Make Artistic Pieces of Furniture Out of Plain White Wood—These Stains Are Easy to Apply.

A knowledge of how to make and apply furniture stains and varnishes is valuable to a young housekeeper whose income is limited, for with slight practice it is often possible to make artistic pieces of furniture out of plain white wood chairs, tables, &c.

For instance, inexpensive settees without varnish or color, may be stained with mahogany in several different shades. In making dark coloring a half pound of madder and two ounces of logwood chips should be boiled gently for an hour in a gallon of water. This should then be strained and applied to the wood while hot. It should be put on evenly with a flat brush. The finish requires a pearl ash solution, that is made by putting two drams of ash into a quart of water.

This is not applied until the stained wood is dry.

For a light shade two ounces of bruised dragon's blood is put into a bottle with a quart of turpentine. The jar is corked and placed in a warm spot, near or on a radiator, is shaken occasionally, until the blood is dissolved, and then applied with a brush.

The other mahogany stain is apt to be understood best by those who know something of mixing colors. Raw sienna is ground and then mixed with beer, thus making a light shade.

Then burnt sienna that has been ground is added in proportion to the tint wished and put on rather thin, with a soft brush, wiping it over immediately with a piece of cloth, or other soft substance.

When quite dry the surface may be oiled or varnished. Cold drawn linseed oil is a good varnish or polisher.

To stain a new piece of furniture is simple work for an amateur, but success is not so certain when an old chair or table is to be renovated. However, doing over an old piece would not be difficult if it were understood that the wood will not take new stain until all the old varnish, whatever it may be, is removed.

The easiest way of getting off the old finish is to put on a solution of sal soda, that is as much soda as can be dissolved in water. With a stiff scrub brush this liquid should be applied while hot, so it will eat off the surface coat. A stiff scrub brush is best for putting it on with.

Then the article must be allowed to dry before the new finish is applied.

Kimono-Bretelles of Lace.

The idea gives opportunity for a number of charming novelties, and all kinds of handsome laces are used as foundations with as much variety given to the ribbon or silk edges upon which the lace is stitched. Inexpensive laces set with an applique of silver or gold, occasionally mount up smartly in appearance and many women combine the two when seeking expensive effects with the least possible outlay of cash.

Certainly there is nothing more appropriate for freshening up a

waist than these little kimono accessories, and the Japanese effect can be heightened by the addition of flounces of lace for the sleeves, jabots, etc.

Detachable yokes of lace or gauze inset with lace to match the bretells are very dainty and can be built upon the regultaion round patterns which come for the purpose. There are so many novelties in the way of accessories nowadays that once can almost put a blouse together in sections and, indeed it is not a bad idea to have a plain model of soft silk or chiffon which can be "Frenchified" at will, as it were.

An Easy Way to Iron Linen.

If you like to have a nice glossy finish on linen napkins, towels, tray cloths and such small pieces, simply wring them from hot water, one piece at a time, and iron with good hot iron; this will produce a fine rich gloss and show up the pattern well. Keep a pan for the purpose, also a potato ricer for small pieces. In this way you protect your hands from the hot water. Press them well and dry; place pan on the range where water will keep hot, and as you press a piece iron immediately while steaming hot; it will repay you for your trouble.

COFFEE MAKING DEVICE.

New Way to Prevent Grounds Mixing With Liquids.

Heretofore in coffee-making devices used in connection with an ordinary coffee pot an open-mouthed bag in which the coffee has been placed, has been necessary. These bags, being made in the form of a pocket, are hard to clean and cannot be kept in a sanitary condition. An Arkansas man overcomes these objection in a coffee making device which he recently designed. This coffee-maker is made of sheet metal, as shown in the illustration. It is dropped into the coffee pot, openings in the side, allowing free passage and circulation of the water in the

SUPPORTS COFFEE IN POT.

coffee pot. In the centre is a wire handle for inserting and removing the device from the coffee pot. On one side of the casing is a resilient plate, to which is hinged a ring, the latter slightly larger than the casing. Two pieces of cloth of the same size are employed to support the coffee. The edges of both are placed under the resilient plate, the lower cloth being laid across the mouth of the casing. The ground coffee is then placed on the lower cloth and the ring holding the remaining cloth lowered until it springs down over the rib of the casing. The ring grips both cloths firmly. It being impossible to displace the ground coffee and cause it to be mixed with the liquid.

HOME COOKING.

Cranberry Tart.

Two cups cranberries, 1 cup sugar 1-2 cup water. Cover and cook 10 minutes after it boils all over. Strain and cool. Cover bottom of pie plate with pastry, shaping high all round edge of plate and crimp with fingers. Fill with the cranberry jelly after it is cool, than add fancy cuttings from pastry to ornament top. Bake quickly in hot oven.

Gingerbread.

Two cups molasses, 1 mixing spoon of lard, 1 teaspoon of cloves, cinnamon and ginger, and one of salt; mix all together, and then add 1 cup of sour milk (or cold water) and then sift in 3 1-2 cups of pastry flour and when thoroughly mixed add a good teaspoonful of saleratus dissolved in a little water. Either bake in one long pan or on layer cake tins from 20 to 30 minutes.

Delicious Sponge Cake.

Four eggs, break into dish and beat with egg beater until foamy; 1 scup sugar, beat in for good half hour with a wire spoon; teacup flour folded in the last thing, and a a teaspoon vanilla. Bake 45 minutes in a square tin.

Orange Icing.

Grated rind 1 orange, 1 tablespoon orange juice, 1 tablespoon lemon juice. Let stand 15 minutes, strain and add yoke of one egg and powdered sugar.

To Brighten Gilt Frames

Boil four bruised garlic cloves in a pint of water. Add just enough flour of sulphur to give it the right golden color. When it is perfectly cool apply with a soft brush and let it dry. To clear the frames of fly specks a mixture of one part ammonia to three or four of water is good. Gilt frames can be rendered more durable by giving them a coating with a warm mixture of one part linseed oil and two of turpentine.

How to Relieve Choking.

Raising the left arm as high as you can will relieve choking much more rapidly than by being thumped in the back. Very frequently at meal time, and when they are at play, children get choked while eating, and the customary manner of relieving them is to slap them sharply in the back. The effect of this is to set the obstruction free, so that it can be swallowed. The same thing can be brought about by raising the left hand of the child as high as possible and the relief comes much more rapidly.

Sash Curtain Pretty and Clean.

When you get window rods for either top or bottom, buy a small can of white gloss paint and a small brush; gives the rods a coat, and when dry, give them another coat; the more they are done, the better it makes them. They don't bend so easily, or get out of shape. No matter how nice or fine the curtains are, they will come off as nicely as they went on; the paint will not allow them to rust.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Sponging and Pressing Cloth.

Lay cloth to be sponged on a table being sure that it is perfectly smooth. Cover all with a muslin cloth wrung from hot water. Roll on a stick carefully allowing no folds in either goods or muslin. Lay away for an hour, press on wrong side with hot iron on a perfectly smooth ironing table.

Never rub iron across goods, but always with the threads.

To press seams in heavy cloth wring cloth from hot water, lay the seam, rub iron over, remove cloth and press until dry by setting the iron on the seam, pressing, then lifting the iron to press the next section, never moving the iron along the seam.

A New Corset.

A decided novelty is a new corset which proposes to support a woman's back by pressure of two crossed straps inside the back of the corsets, the ends of the straps being anchored to the front steels on the outside. Seems almost like the proverbial lifting one's self by the boot straps, yet the inventor says that it not only rests the back but gives the wearer the very best new figure" with flat back and slender hips. Furthermore that the back steels can never turn and dig into the flesh be the corset laced ever so tightly. For the sake of suffering womankind it is to be hoped that this back-resting corset may prove to be all that its well known designer claims for it.

Dresden China Tea Strainer.

No more attractive detail could be added to the teatable than the strainer of Dresden china. It fits around the brim of the average cup and obviates the necessity of sparing one hand to hold the strainer while the lid falls off the Dresden teapot for lack of a third hand to keep it in place. Silver is not so beautiful on the teatable as china, and the delicious beverage tastes better when served amid beautiful surroundings and what could be daintier than a table furnished in Dresden.

Important Find in Egypt.

A further find of papyri has rewarded the excavations undertaken by the Italians at Hermopolis, in Egypt, under the direction of Breccia. In addition to a number of official documents, it includes a portion of an unknown epic, and one or two other literary fragments of interest.

MAGAZINE READERS

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you need a Dr. Gunn's Household Physician, or Homebook of Health.

The Philadelphia Press offers the new revised and enlarged edition, containing 1000 pages, with the Daily edition of *The Press* one year for the extraordinary low price of Four Dollars. This is the retail price for this scientific work alone. Not one subscriber that has ever taken advantage of this liberal offer would do without this book for three times the price *The Press* is offering paper and book for.

Do not wait; orders will be filled in the order they are received.

Boy King May Lose an Arm.

The wound Prince Manuel, now King of Portugal, received in the arm on February 1, when King Carlos and the Crown Prince were assassinated, has not healed, and recently has become very much worse. The attending physicians, it is said, declare that amputation is imperative.

Take care of the stomach and the health will take care of itself. If people only realized the soundness of that statement the majority might live a good old age like Moses, "the eye undimmed, the natural force unabated." It is in the stomach that the blood is made. It is from the stomach that nourishment is dispensed to nerve and muscle. If the stomach is "weak" it can't do its whole work for each part of the body. If it is diseased the disease will taint the nourishment which is distributed, and so spread disease throughout the body. It was the realization of the importance of the stomach as the very center of health and the common source of disease, which led Dr. Pierce to prepare his "Golden Medical Discovery." "Diseases which originate in the stomach must be cured through the stomach." The soundness of this theory is proved every day by cures of diseased organs, heart, liver, lungs, blood,—by the use of the "Discovery" which is solely and singly a medicine for the blood and organs of digestion and nutrition.

Not a secret or "patent medicine" because ingredients are printed on the label; contains no alcohol, is purely vegetable.

Some people can't even discuss the weather without storming about it.

NO FALSE PRETENSE has marked the career of Ely's Cream Balm. Being entirely harmless, it is not responsible like the catarrh snuffs and powders, for minds shattered by cocaine. The great virtue of Ely's Cream Balm is that it speedily and completely overcomes nasal catarrh and hay fever. Back of this statement is the testimony of thousands and a reputation of many years' success. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

It is generally the fast young man who can't keep up with his running expenses.

A Reliable Remedy

Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

HAY FEVER

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., March 23, 1908.

Two extraordinary speeches were delivered in the Senate during last week, one by Senator Tillman and the other by Senator La Follette. The speech of the South Carolinian was, as usual, picturesque, being a wholesale denunciation of the President of whom he said, "He is now planning a truce with rich malefactors and is ready to grant amnesty to all past offenders. The price of negro delegates in the South rises each day through improper use of federal patronage. The most flagrant of all the Executive neglects to enforce the law, a running sore, a cancer on the body politic, hated of all good citizens and denounced even by the President himself, who anathematized it in bitter language, but who takes no steps to apply the remedy, is the failure to enforce the plain letter of the law relating to the national banks. The lavish use of bank resources and credit for years has borne fruit by enabling Napoleons of finance through the medium of the New York Exchange to market billions of dollars of almost worthless stocks and to place these in the hands of helpless investors who have exchanged hard-earned money for them which has thus been diverted from the channels of legitimate business." Mr. Tillman was greeted with the usual crowded galleries and at times his remarkable statements and unique delivery elicited applause, until finally the Vice President was obliged to threaten to clear the galleries unless it ceased.

***

Senator La Follette denounced in unmeasured terms and tones the Aldrich bill, which he declared was being enacted in the interest of the railways, the Standard Oil Company and J. Pierpont Morgan. He charged that the recent panic and the entire financial stringency had been produced by Morgan, Rockefeller, et al., for the sole purpose of adding to their pecuniary profit. Mr. La Follette always excites a certain amount of interest not only by what he says but by the extraordinary manner in which he says it. He alternately shouts and whispers, crouches, throws up his arms, bends double and pounds his desk or stamps his foot. At times his voice rises to a perfect scream and a listener who could not see him might imagine murder were being done. He is a star actor in the Senate.

***

The present indications are that before my next letter is written the Aldrich bill will have been passed by the Senate with every Republican vote, save La Follette's, and about eight Democratic votes. The Senate committee on Finance has stricken out the railway bond provision of the bill, had done so in fact before Mr. La Follette made his speech, and this, it is believed, will serve to disarm most of the opposition in the House, while the President is seeking to secure its passage and urging members of both houses who call upon him to vote for it.

***

The President has recently shocked a great many people in Washington by urging the District Attorney to demand a jail sentence for the President of the American National Bank and the Washington Chamber of Commerce. This man, who is wealty and influential, has been making and selling, as a side issue, a head-ache remedy and a "brain food" both of which he guaranteed "free from injurious drugs." Analysis has shown, however, that both contain injurious drugs which will almost certainly affect the heart and which are likely to result in drug habits. This is the first conviction under the Pure Food and Drug act and the President takes the ground that if a wealthy bank president is made to serve a jail sentence at the beginning it will have a most beneficial effect in promoting observance of the law.

***

There was a great deal of Johnson talk in Washington last week and some of the Democratic leaders are beginning to believe that the Minnesota Governor may stand a chance of nomination at Denver. It appears at this distance as if the Minnesotian was in absolute earnest in his effort to capture the nomination and as he is practically the only opponent of Mr. Bryan thus far it seems altogether likely that the opposition to Bryan will all center on Johnson. That this will amount to enough to result in giving Johnson the nomination few men will predict at this time, the majority believing that Mr. Bryan will have things all his own way when the convention meets next July.

***

Democratic leaders regard with considerable complacency the situation in the Republican ranks where the discomfited and defeated conservatives are growing daily more bitter as Secretary Taft's strength grows daily more obvious. Taft delegates are being elected in all parts of the country and the old time, conservative Republicans regard the probability of Taft's election with no greater complacency than they would anticipate four years more of Roosevelt. They are fighting tooth and nail to prevent an end that seems inevitable and the more they feel their own impotence the more determined they are to have their own way and nominate a conservative or else pull the walls of the party edifice down about them.

***

Captain Hobson continues to send the cold shivers down the back of Speaker Cannon by insisting that a representative of the Electric Boat Company did assure him that he had sufficient influence with Mr. Cannon to secure Hobson's appointment on the Naval Affairs committee. The Boat Company's agent denied that he had said it and then Hobson came forward and demanded that his Secretary be placed on the stand as he had heard the offer. The committee refused to hear the Secretary but now Rep. Hobson has made the demand in writing and the committee can hardly afford to ignore it.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed *Scott's Emulsion.*

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

Carl Schurz and the Medium.

An extraordinary experience with a medium is given in the April installment of Carl Schurz memoirs in *McClure's*.

After receiving what purported to be a message from Schiller, Gen. Schurz asked that the spirit of Lincoln be summoned to tell why President Johnson had called Schurz to Washington.

"The answer came: He wants you to make an important journey for him.' I asked where that journey would take me. Answer: 'He will tell you tomorrow.' I asked further, whether I should undertake that journey. Answer: 'Yes do not fail.' (I may add, by the way, that at that time I had not the slightest anticipation as to what President Johnson's intention with regard to me was.)

"Having pisposed of this matter, I asked whether the spirit of Lincoln had anything more to say to me. The answer came: 'Yes, you will be a Senator of the United States.' This struck me as so fanciful that I could hardly suppress a a laugh, but i asked further: 'From what State?' Answer: 'From Missouri.' This was more provokingly mysterious still; but there the conversation ceased.

"Hardly anything could have been more improbable at that time than that I should be a Senator of the United States from the State of Missouri. My domicile was in Wisconsin, and I was then thinking of returning there. I had never thought of removing from Wisconsin to Missouri, and there was not the slightest prospect of my ever doing so.

"But—to forestall my narative—two years later I was surprised by an entirely unsought and unexpected business proposition which took me to St. Louis, and in January, 1869, the Legislature of Missouri elected me a Senator of the United States. I then remembered the prophecy made to me at the spirit seance in the house of my friend Tiedemann, in Philadelphia."

Kentucky's Tobacco War.

Because of warning letters and visits from night riders many farmers in nearly all of the 42 counties in the White Burley tobacco region in Kentucky are destroying their tobacco beds, and at the present time fewer than one-third of the normal number have been started. In many counties huge signs have been erected on buildings and in high places near by, declaring the intention of the farmer not to raise a crop this season. Realizing the difficulty of making a living for their families in case the decision to raise no tobacco is adhered to, many tenant farmers are preparing to move to other States, while many farm owners have placed their property on the market, with the avowed purpose of leaving Kentucky.

The murder of Farmer Hedges, in Nicholas county, and the raids in Woodford and other counties last week have increased the alarm. In announcing their determination to go elsewhere the tenants declare that it will be impossible to subsist from the proceeds of crops of hemp, wheat and corn.

In the neighborhood of Mount Sterling many farmers have received threatening letters, with which were matches, powder and poison, and armed guards have been placed at threatened points. Conditions throughout the State are declared to be worse now than at any time since the tobacco war began.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Jurors for May Court.

Following is the list of jurymen drawn by the Jury Commissioners and Sheriff Ent for May term:

Jesse Wenner, Fishingcreek.
John Wintersteen, Franklin.
Hugh Thompson, Berwick.
Herbert Gearinger, Bloomsburg.
D. G. Klinetob, Briarcreek.
A. H. Baer, Berwick.
Alfred Zeigler, Bloomsburg.
F. H. Donaldson, Sugarloaf.
Lloyd Davis, Beaver.
Charles Crawford, Scott.
Theodore Dent, Hemlock.
Hiram Watson, Conyngham.
S. D. Levan, Roaringcreek.
Bradley Ruckle, Mt. Pleasant.
W. A. Davis, Fishingcreek.
Charles Rhodes, Conyngham.
Gordon George, Conyngham.
Frank B. Rupert, Bloomsburg.
A. L. Rinard, Catawissa Borough.
Sylvester Gross, Bloomsburg.
W. B. Williams, Berwick.
J. E. Roberts, Catawissa Borough.
C. W. Shannon, Benton township.
John Lewis, Bloomsburg.

PETIT JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Daniel Huttenstine, Mifflin.
Charles Hon, Cleveland.
John W. Knouse, Jackson.
Theodore Mericle, Bloomsburg.
W. B. Goodhart, Mifflin.
Wilson G. Kramer, Bloomsburg.
W. J Hess, Fishingcrek.
John Breisch, Main.
Wilson Karshner, Briarcreek.
Clarence Lenhart, Berwick.
Charles Mase, Conyngham.
W. C. Brittain, Berwick.
J. H. Howlett, Sugarloaf.
William Snyder, Scott.
John Shaffer, Locust.
A. A. Eveland, Fishingcreek.
Lawson H. Lee, Locust.
F. S. Henrie, Orange.
Wm. Flanagan, Conyngham.
William Moyer, Conyngham.
Joseph Bailey, Centralia.
Simeon Raup, Catawissa Borough.
James Dougherty, Conyngham.
A. J. Sult, Berwick.
W. J. Eastman, Bloomsburg.
John Freas, Montour.
B. F. Hower, Bloomsburg.
S. F. Ridal, Briarcreek.
George B. Keller, Mifflin.
Charles Hartman, Bloomsburg.
Earl Bowman, Main.
Thomas Dickson, Berwick.
John Nungesser, Centre.
O. B. Millard, Centralia.
Martin Tarkey, Centralia.
Gerald Gross, Bloomsburg.
H. W. Hower, Bloomsburg.
H. S. Barton, Bloomsburg.
Charles W. Hassert, Bloomsburg.
Simeon Poust, Bloomsburg.
William Gouman, Centralia.
Charles Shaffer, Scott.
Byron S. Keller, Benton Borough.
Vernell Chrisman, West Berwick.
D. N. Robbins, Greenwood.
A. J. Beagle, Bloomsburg.
L. T. Rider, Hemlock.
Allen Arnold, Fishingcreek.
C. M. Creveling, Scott.
William Vansickle, Sugarloaf.
E. E. Straub, Conyngham.
Lloyd B. Knorr, Briarcreek.
Frank I. Creasy, West Berwick.
Ray Lawton, Millville.
T. B. Gordner, Berwick.
W. E. Geisinger, Bloomsburg.
Edward Bardo, Jackson.
J. G. Rishel, Madison.
W. H. Robert, Catawissa township.
Harry Mellick, Mt. Pleasant.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Bruce Shultz, Berwick.
Mike Barrett, Jr., Conyngham.
Jere. H. Fahringer, Bloomsburg.
T. E. Ash, Stillwater.
Adam Smith, Berwick.
Thomas Y. Hess, Jackson.
Iram Lyons, Madison.
Eli Derr Hemlock.
A. W. Hess, Mifflin.
M. A. Phillips, Benton Borough.
Clark Miller, Bloomsburg.
A. F. Deaner, Main.
H. C. Laubach, West Berwick..
Charles Cooper, Bloomsburg.
Robert Hampton, Conyngham.
Charles M. Harder, Catawissa Boro.
Isaac Lyons, Millville.
Amasa Lowen, Benton township.
Barton T. Pursel, Bloomsburg.
A. S. Truckenmiller, Catawissa Boro.
Bradley Leacock, West Berwick.
Fred K. Chrisman, Berwick.
George Michaels, Conyngham.
H. H. Sands, Bloomsburg.
H. D. Boston, Sugarloaf.
James E. Beach, Beaver.
A. H. Varner, Berwick.
N. J. Mansfield, Berwick.
Harry Yaples. Scott.
John R. Deimer, Catawissa Borough.
Samuel Steelfox, Conyngham.
Austin Correll, Hemlock.
A. C. Adams, Briarcreek.
Adam Knouse, Sugarloaf.
Emanuel Appleman, Orangeville.
John S. Keller, Sugarloaf.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

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Directions with each Vial in Five Languages. English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French.

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	25
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3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	25
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7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25
13.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	25
15.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Malaria	25
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	25
18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	25
77.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

Odd Fellows' Temple in Danger.

B. H. Hart, grand master of the I. O. O. F. of Pennsylvania, has sent out a circular to all Odd Fellows stating that some plan must be adopted in order to save the temple in Philadelphia to Odd Fellows. He states that in May next some decision must be reached, so that representatives now preparing to attend the grand lodge must be instructed "for" or "against" the plan suggested.

The Odd Fellows' Hall association has been unable to keep the building on a paying basis, and now ask the order throughout the state to take it off their hands. The question has been a serious one for Odd Fellows. The total indebtedness on the building is over $1,500,000.

It is now proposed to lay an assessment of $1.00 per annum for two years upon every Odd Fellow, and after two years 52 cents. It is believed this is the best and surest means of settling the question forever.

Many Men Suspended.

Altoona Shops Hit Hard by the Laying Off of Over 2,000 Men.

Because of the continued depression in business, the Pennsylvania Railroad company indefinitely suspended 2,140 men in Altoona on Monday. From the car shops 690 men were taken, Juniata locomotive shops 788, South Altoona foundries 296, Altoona machine shops 366.

Before the suspension 11,060 men were employed in all departments. At the same time an order was issued increasing the working time of all the men retained to nine hours a day and five hours on Saturday, or fifty hours a week. For some time the men had been working only 32 hours a week.

New Style Marriages.

One couple keeps the servants of single days. The husband's apartments are run by his Jap. The wife's by her elderly Swedish woman.

Another pair has neighboring flats and go to a neighboring hotel for meals. "I do not believe that a wife should be her husband's servant," says this little lady, who is a bright business woman.

The third couple, each lives independently, meeting only by appointment to dine together or to go on pleasure jaunts, the theatre, etc.; in these excursions expenses are shared equally.

Bleaching Dainty Pieces.

Wash them in the usual way, with soft water and good soap. After rinsing soak over night in clear water, to which has been added a teaspoonful of cream of tarter to each quart of water. The next morning rinse in clear water and hang out to dry. When ironed you will be pleased with the beautiful white appearance of the articles.

Work Basket Wrinkle.

Have a small horseshoe magnet fastened to the end of a tape or ribbon of sufficient length so that it can be dropped to the floor to pick up scissors and needles.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7 30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M
	†	†	†	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	8 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	8 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	8 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	8 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f 9 40	f 3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	f10 00	f3 37	f7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	f10 03	f3 40	f7 21	8 15
Laubachs	f10 08	f3 45	f7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f1010	f3 47	f7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 10

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	‡	*
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f11 00	f4 47	f7 12	....
Laubachs	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 13	11 53
Coles Creek	f6 12	f11 06	f4 53	f7 22	12 06
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 25
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 06
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 20
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	....	....	5 55	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily * Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS FOR Headache

FOR
NEURALGIA.
SCIATICA.
RHEUMATISM.
BACKACHE.
PAIN IN CHEST.
DISTRESS IN STOMACH.
SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents
Never Sold in Bulk.

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30,000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

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E. B. Tustin, Vice President. M. I. Low, Vice President.
Frank Ikeler, Cashier.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1908

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER
JOHN MOUREY
of Roaringcreek Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
A. C. CREASY,
of Center Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
W. B. SNYDER
of Locust Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
WILLIAM CHRISMAN,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER
W. P. ZEHNER
of Main Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER
(Second Term)
FRANK W. MILLER
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
CHARLES L. POHE
of Catawissa.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR PROTHONOTARY
FREEZE QUICK
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR CONGRESS
JOHN G. McHENRY,
of Benton.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party in the 16th Congressional District.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
WILLIAM T. CREASY,
of Catawissa.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
JERRY A. HESS
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

The ballots for the Primary election to be held on April 11th, are being printed at this office. There will be six different kinds of ballots for each polling place, there being three different parties, Democratic, Republican, and Prohibition, and each party having official and specimen ballots. This makes 318 different packages of ballots to prepare for the county. The name of the district and member of standing committee is changed for each district.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
W. O. HOLMES,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Republican party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
C. FRED LENHART
of Berwick.
Subject to the rules of the Republican party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
ELISHA RINGROSE
of Center Township.
Subject to the Rules of the Republican Party.

State Treasurer Berry Favors Creasy's Re-Election to the Legislature.

Chester, Pa., March 18, 1908.
Hon. Wm. T. Creasy,
Catawissa, Pa.

My Dear Farmer:—I am glad to know that you are again a candidate for election to the legislature. I sincerely trust that you will be elected.

Your long term of aggressive work for honesty and decency in Pennsylvania politics, has been one of the brightest spots on our state history. I believe that your work was a large factor in making the revolution possible that enabled us to expose the grafters at the Capitol.

Wishing you success, I remain,
Yours truly,
WM. H. BERRY.

PLUMMER.

Read Out of Organization in Blair County.

No longer is J. Lee Plummer an important cog in the Republican machine of Blair County. He has been dropped outside the breastworks by his former political allies. He lived long enough to see himself read outside the realm of cooperative bossism of the county, but he is still a Republican, although exceedingly bitter against Dairy and Food Commissioner James Foust and Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs James H. Craig, whom he blames for his undoing.

Having nowhere else to go J. Lee has gone over to the independents or insurgent element of his party. He has had so many platforms in his candidacy for the assembly, say his old friends, that they can no longer tell where he stands. The organization has slated two other candidates to represent the Second District of Blair County in the Legislature, and the rank and file have been asked to lend a hand to put the slate through. Plummer was the Republican candidate for State Treasurer who was defeated by William H. Berry.

The Taking Cold Habit

The old cold goes; a new one quickly comes. It's the story of a weak throat, weak lungs, a tendency to consumption. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral breaks up the taking-cold habit. It strengthens, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about it.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills, just one pill each night.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

VOTE FOR

JERRY A. HESS, OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Primary Election, Saturday, April 11, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 8 p. m. Vote Early.

Because of my duties as county commissioner and my own business taking up all my time, it will be impossible for me to see all of the voters personally, although I would like very much to do so. I am very grateful for the support of the voters at my first election, and if they choose to support me again, I shall use my best efforts for the good of the county.

Very Respectfully,
Jerry A. Hess.

Campaign Outlay Law Invalidated.

Fayette County Court Declares Unconstitutional the New Corrupt Practices Act.

In an opinion handed down in the Fayette County Courts, Judge Robert E. Umbel declares the Corrupt Practices act passed at the last special session of the State Legislature to be unconstitutional.

In the course of his opinion, which covers in a comprehensive manner the situation precipitated by the passage of the act, Judge Umbel declares that the section of the Governor's proclamation calling the special meeting of the Legislature applying to the matter of providing for the passage of the Corrupt Practices act was "the result of some scheming politician, who saw the necessity for the passage of some such act, but satisfied himself with some provision that would serve a temporary need, but that would not stand the test of its application to the Constitution."

The case that brought about the decision of the Court was that filed December 20, by Attorney M. H. Stevenson, of Allegheny county, in the interest of W. M. Likins, of Uniontown. The object of the case was to force a statement and accounting of expenses incurred at the last election from John R. Byrne, chairman of the Republican County Committee.

On December 24 Byrne moved that the case be dismissed because Attorney Stevenson was not a resident attorney of the county in which the suit was brought; that the subject matter of the suit was not sufficiently stated in the title of the action, and that the act under which the suit was brought was unconstitutional.

In commenting on the situation developed by the suit Judge Umbel says that if a local attorney had joined with Mr. Stevenson the first objection would have been removed; that the second objection to the suit is not well grounded, but that the third cause for dismissal is valid, because of the unconstitutionality of the act.

In explanation of his view that the act is unconstitutional, the Court says the proclamation, among other things, stated that the situation touching on corrupt practices called for some legislation, demanding that the Legislature designate the manner in which funds might be applied to the uses of candidates or others at elections. The act also provides for a statement from managers of committees or parties regarding the expenditure of election money.

However, the Court holds that the word "designate" used in the act cannot be stretched to include the meaning of "regulate," and that for this reason the act is unconstitutional.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE FLEET TO VISIT JAPAN.

The visit of our Battle Fleet to Australia has brought the invitation to visit Japan. It has been promptly accepted, as it should have been. The invitation and the acceptance are both acts and auguries of peace.

From the start the Battle Fleet has meant peace, and nothing but peace. Its presence and organization followed Washington's advice, in time of peace to prepare for war, and Washington gave this advice because he knew that the nation which is fully prepared for war will long be at peace. It was as an earnest and guarantee of peace that the fleet came into being. Its trip around South America has deepened the foundations of peace in this hemisphere. It has quickened the ties of amity and friendship with South American lands. It has convinced them that the United States is ready to protect them from foreign aggression, and it has shown the world that the Monroe Doctrine has behind it adequate naval power.

The new "Monroe Doctrine" in East Asia is the maintenance of the existing equilibrium. No change of territory is to be made. Each land, new and old, is to be free to work out its own destiny. China is to be protected from any outer pressure. Its treaty rights are to be respected. So are those of other nations as well as China's. This gave weight to Secretary Taft's declaration at Shanghai that we would protect our trade. Australia is to be as free as China in deciding its internal development. Each country fronting the Pacific is to be equally free and equally secure.

This policy makes for peace, and our Battle Fleet stands for this policy. It is also the policy of Japan. Its new treaties with Russia and France guarantee the stability of the existing system in East Asia. This is our policy. The invitation of Japan is a frank recognition that both nations look to the maintenance of peace by avoiding change, a redistribution of territory or contentious issues in mutual relations.

When Australia was announced to be visited by the Battle Fleet, its trip passed from American problems to the wider issues of the Pacific. By instantly and cordially extending a friendly invitation to the fleet. Japan both accepts this view and asserts its position and policy in opposing change in East Asia. The United States also is for the existing order. Both nations alike seek peace. They seek peace through the same common policy. The visit of our Battle Fleet to the ports of Japan affirms this to the world.—*Press.*

EXCEPTIONALLY Attractive Styles

— IN —

WOMEN'S READY TO WEAR SUITS.

The Invitation to This Early Exposition of Tailor Made Suits Suggests no Obligation to Buy.

A great many women are buying as well as looking. They know the styles are correct.

We have more than fifty different models, expressing in seventy five different blendings of fabric, cut and trimming, the very latest ideas translated from Paris modes by the best designers in this country.

With the great variety of styles and the great variety of fabrics, it's going to be a Spring of becomingly suited women, that's sure.

Prices are very accommodating—$10.00, $12.00, $14.00, $15.00, $17.50, $18.00, $19.00, $20.00, $22.50, $25.00, $30.00, $32.00 and $35.00. Think what a variety that means.

SPRING STYLES FOR GIRLS.

This is a New Department in This Store.

Already there's an array of Suits in the very smartest spring models—the most stylish spring fabrics. The new semi-fitting Coat Suits, pretty and girlish; the dashing new Cutaways, with dip; the chic new Vested Suit—then the new Fabrics, what a variety. It's easy to imagine how charming these Spring Suits will look flitting along the streets or tripping away to school. Sizes 11 to 18 years. Prices range from $10.00 to $23.00.

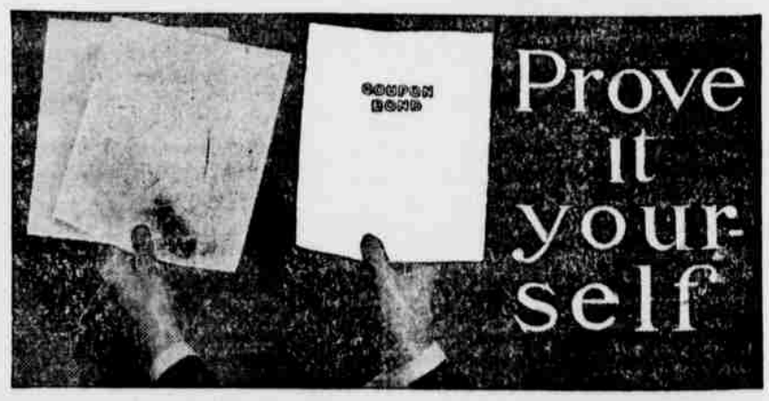
Separate Skirts--New Styles.

Take a look at that rackful of the new Spring Walking Skirts. It is a delightful study of beautiful materials; lovely colorings, graceful styles. Panama, Serge and Voile are here; old friends, but with new faces. The stripes, the shadow stripes—the soft color effects are so pleasing. New ideas in trimming are worth seeing too. Be sure to see them. We price them $3.98 to $15.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

The Proof is in the Comparison



Particular people, whose pride of name and pride in product goes into their stationery, have preferred COUPON BOND — irrespective of price — for over fifteen years.

Not the cheapening hurry of to-day, but the old, slow, careful methods, that make for fineness and permanence, are still used in making COUPON BOND. Its beautiful color and texture, its remarkable toughness and erasing qualities, make it not only a distinctive paper, but the de luxe and incomparable paper for all business correspondence. Write your letters so that they will compel a reading—write them on

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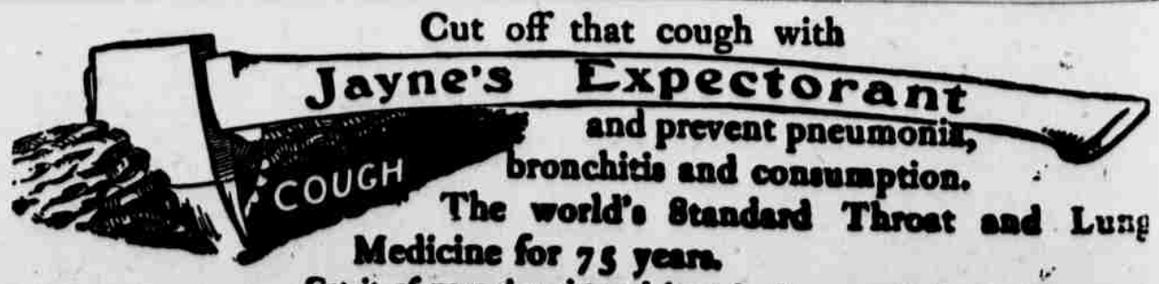
Order letter heads and envelopes from us and enjoy complete letter satisfaction.



Cut off that cough with Jayne's Expectorant and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption. The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.

Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

Ready for Spring Business.

Great 1908 Spring line of Shoes and Oxfords. Every Shoe or Oxford in our Spring line will carry with it ALL THE QUALITY it is possible to put into a shoe consistent with price.

Prices $1.50 to $6.00

ALL SIZES.

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE STORE

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

E. L. Lemons, of Asbury was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Nelle Warner is the guest of Wilkes Barre relatives.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office.

Mrs. W. H. Gilmore is recovering from her recent serious illness.

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

W. V. Morris has moved his barber shop to the room formerly occupied by the Red Star Stamp store.

John Armstrong, a brother-in-law of Dr. Bierman's, died in West Pittston on Monday, after a short illness.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

Dr. Houk has moved his dental rooms to the second floor of L. N. Moyer's building, formerly occupied by Grant Herring.

Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Welsh of State College, spent Sunday at Orangeville with the former's mother, Mrs. Mary Welsh.

In a Pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder for tired, aching, swollen feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. All Druggists, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 3-5-4t.

Mrs. Rocelia Savage and G. B. M. McHenry were in town on Monday and took out letters testamentary in the estate of their father, the late Samuel McHenry of Rohrsburg.

Geo. F. Kindt of Orangeville, who has been a reader of this paper and its predecessors for many years, was a caller at this office on Wednesday. He is among our old and valued friends.

Clark Sheep died at the Hospital on Tuesday, from typhoid fever. The funeral will be held from his mother's home on East street on Friday at 1 o'clock. He is survived by his wife and two children.

District Attorney Small, of Columbia county, is announced as a candidate for re-election. A man who discharges the duties of a public office as faithfully and fearlessly as Mr. Small has done ought to be re-elected without opposition.

—*Milton Record.*

Holmes for Commissioner.

W. O. Holmes has announced himself as a candidate for nomination for county commissioner on the Republican ticket. He is a well known business man and a prominent member of the Grand Army, and has many friends, and will no doubt make a good run.

M. E. Church Supper.

A supper will be served in the dining hall of the M. E. Church, on Friday evening, March 27th, from 5 to 8, consisting of ham and eggs, hot biscuits, mashed potatoes, and all of the usual side dishes, hot coffee, ice cream and cake.

Good service and plenty to supply all who will come. Supper 25cts.

County Commissioner.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the rules of the Democratic party. If elected I promise to perform my duties to the best interests of the entire people of the county.

C. E. WELLIVER.

Bloomsburg,

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

McHenry's Good Work.

Washington, D. C., March 23.
Special Correspondence.

That Representative John G. McHenry's earnest work in Congress is attracting wide spread interest may be inferred from the following comment in the Washington *Herald* of March 10:

"The House Committee on Mines and Mining yesterday listened to the testimony of several mining experts in its hearings on the McHenry bill, proposing to create a Bureau of Mines and Mining under the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Former Governor A. B. Fleming of West Virginia and I. C. White of the same State, appeared before the committee and testified to the advantages which would accrue to the mining interests of the country through the formation of such a Bureau.

Governor Fleming is the owner, in part, of the great mines near Fairmount, West Virginia, in which the great disaster of the early winter occurred. His testimony was in favor of the bill as was that of Mr. White."

Mr. McHenry proposes to urge the passage of the bill with increased energy in view of these favorable opinions of experts and mine owners. He made a most eloquent and forceful speech in support of the measure on Wednesday afternoon, a copy of which I hope to be able to supply for publication next week.

The Trout Season.

Streams Promise to be in Better Condition this Year.

Only one more month until the trout season will be on. Then the mountain streams will be whipped from mouth to head. Successful trout fishermen are of the opinion that the streams will be in much better condition this year than last season. They contend that the winter was quite favorable to the propagation of "spotted beauties." Trout fishing, at least with the artificial fly, is considered great sport, and there are many fishermen who seldom use the red worm or other similar bait, except in the early part of the season.

C. E. Welliver Announces for Commissioner.

Among the announcements this week is that of C. E. Welliver, of Bloomsourg, for County Commissioner, subject to the rules of the Democratic Party. Mr. Welliver was born and raised in this county, is a carpenter by trade and for several years worked at constructural bridge work, both lines of which would be of great benefit to any County Commissioner in the transaction of the business of that office. In the conduct of every business in which he engaged Mr. Welliver has always been successful, and being a life long Democrat he is fitted for the position to which he aspires.

—*Bloomsburg Daily.*

Valley House to Go.

The Wyoming Valley Hotel on South River street, Wilkes-Barre, which has been purchased by the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, will be torn down next month and replaced by a handsome six or seven story fire proof office building.

For many years this hotel was one of the best in the state, under the management of J. B. Stark. For some time past it has been on the decline, having been supplanted by the Sterling and other modern hostelries.

NEW MILLINERY OPENING.

Watch for the Raybold Sisters' Parlor Millinery Opening at 344 Market Street, next to Dr. Bruner's. Their goods will please every one since they buy both in the east and west markets.

A line of fine imported goods will be shown. The opening will take place long enough before Easter to give customers an opportunity to select a new spring hat.

IDEAL EDITOR.

One Who Owns His Paper and Says What He Believes.

This is the greatest country in the world for newspapers. I believe with Jefferson that a newspaper is essential in moulding public opinion. Of our newspapers I regard the smaller ones as the larger ones. The big newspaper is a business enterprise and so valuable a business proposition that only these can own it who are well off, and, as a rule, the man who has the business ability to control money large enough hasn't the training of an editor and has to hire people to write editorials for him.

The editor who has kept himself alert with what is going on is so busy that he doesn't accumulate money. Great city newspapers are owned by some and edited by others. The man who is not permitted to put his conscience in every line that is written is not the ideal editor. I believe that the ideal editor is the editor who owns his own paper and says what he himself believes.—William J. Bryan.

$90,000,000 for Tubes.

Tunnels Under East River Will Not be in Service for Two Years.

Although the last of the four Pennsylvania Railroad tubes under the East River was cut through on Wednesday of last week it was announced Thursday on authority of the Pennsylvania Railroad officials, that the tubes will not be put into active service for nearly two years.

It was stated Thursday on good authority that the entire tunnel system, with its terminals at Long Island City, Manhattan and Jersey City, will cost the railroad about $90,000,000.

Watsontown Man Heir to Millions.

Samuel Raup, of Watsontown, says the Sunbury *Daily*, is an heir to a great estate in Germany in which several Sunburians are interested, and by the establishment of his claim the difficulties attending the disposal of the estate will largely be overcome. The Countess Maria Ursula von Peterhaltz, heiress to an estate of $100,000,000 owned by her father, in Germany, came to Pennsylvania in 1750, and married George Raup, a handsome employee of her father's. They had nine children, of whom eight have been located by the heirs. The ninth, Philip, disappeared, and there was considerable difficulty experienced by the heirs of the other eight in settling the estate with no knowledge of him. Mr. Raup, of Watsontown, has in his possession the marriage certificate of his grandfather, who was Philip Raup, the missing heir. The slight change in the name doubtless came about in the many years that have elapsed since his death, and probably was the reason for his not being found before. Attorney Chamberlin, of Milton, has charge of Mr. Raup's claim and will endeavor to establish it.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

Associated Councils Royal Arcanum.

A meeting full of interest to the members of the Royal Arcanum in this locality, was held at the Park Hotel, Williamsport, Friday afternoon, when representatives of seventeen councils met at the call of the Grand Regent for the purpose of organizing an association of the councils in this part of the State, under the title of "The Associated Councils of the Susquehanna Valley."

Representatives were present from the councils located in Williamsport, Renovo, Lock Haven, Bellefonte, Jersey Shore, Muncy, Watsontown, Milton, Lewisburg, Sunbury, Danville, Bloomsburg and Berwick.

After the organization was affected the following officers were elected: President, W. H. Druckemiller, of Sunbury; vice president, F. E. Manson, of Williamsport; treasurer, G. E. Wilbur, of Bloomsburg; secretary, L. C. Townsend, of Milton. Meetings will be held bimonthly at such places as shall be determined upon by the executive board, which is composed of the four officers. Each council is entitled to two delegates to each session of the association.

In the evening the Grand Council officers, who were present to assist in perfecting the organization, and the delegates from other councils visited Liberty council and a rousing meeting was enjoyed by all.

Addresses were made by Grand Regent Ellis, Past Grand Regent Druckemiller. Alternate Supreme Representative Townsend and numerous others. The local members were out in large numbers and probably no more enthusiastic gathering of Royal Arcanum men was ever held in Williamsport. A banquet followed the meeting.

TO ALLEVIATE SUFFERING FROM MINE ACCIDENTS.

Bill Introduced by Congressman McHenry

On December 19th a bill was introduced in the House by Congressman McHenry of this district entitled "A bill for the purpose of supplying relief and alleviating suffering incident to accidents in coal mines."

It proposes the establishment in the Department of Commerce and Labor of a bureau to be known as the "Bureau of Mines and Mining," and defines its duties. It provides that for the purpose of alleviating the suffering and want in the families of miners who have been killed or injured by accidents in the mines, from whatever source, there shall be levied and collected from the owners and operators of coal mines a tax of one cent per ton on all coal mined in the United States after the passage of the act, and provides all the details for collecting and distributing the fund.

On March 18, Mr. McHenry made a very clear and conclusive speech in the House in support of this bill. In opening he said:

"I desire to bring to this Congress this afternoon a message from a class of people who seldom come here for favors and much less frequently get them when they do come; a class which ranks second in the production of our national wealth and through whose direct physical energy the commercial forces of our country are vitalized; a class whose labor contributes both to the comfort and prosperity of our people to such an extent as to merit the deliberation of this House in the interest of the coal miners of the United States.

While it is true that this bill carries a special interest, yet it is equally true that the interests and welfare of these miners are inseparably interwoven with the interests of our great American people, and I propose to prove—

First. That the bill comes within constitutional limits.

Second. It is sound in principle from an economic standpoint.

Third. It is right from a moral and humanitarian standpoint."

He then proceeded to demonstrate these points, and closed by saying:

"Mr. Chairman, thus far I have confined myself to a practical and strict business presentation of the case and have studiously refrained from any sentimental expression in the advocacy of this measure. I can not, however, withhold an appeal for the helpless widows and children of these stricken coal miners.

True, the world is full of sorrow and suffering, and it is both impossible and impracticable that the National Government should undertake its alleviation But here is a condition without a parallel both as to the need, the practicability, and justification of governmental protection.

Congress and State legislatures are much exercised over the enactment of laws for the prohibition of child labor. Where the father is living and in good health there can be no excuse for the employment of child labor; but where the father has been removed by death, either by natural or accidental causes, the widowed mother in many cases finds herself unable to supply the family wants from her own labor alone and she must choose between the ignominy of public charity or the necessity of placing her little ones out to toil.

We spend millions upon millions of dollars for the protection of favored industries that a few rich men may make more money. This bill asks for the collection of an annual fund of $4,000,000 that these 100,000 miners' children may be educated to become useful citizens and that their growing youth may be spared the dwarfing influence of performing men's labor.

Let us help lift the embargo of child slavery from their young shoulders that their little souls may enjoy to some degree the freedom and beauties of childhood; that their little bodies and minds may grow straight and strong into noble citizenship, and bring to the widowed mother that help which she so greatly needs and which we can so easily give her.

Do this, and there will come an echoing response of gratitude from the hearts of the American people who feel a human interest in their fellows, and who know that the forces of American industry and of all productive energy, whether of the mine, the farm, or the mill, are so closely allied that any law which works a beneficent influence to any part or class of our productive organization without imposing a burden upon others reflects an indirect benefit to all mankind.

And from the miner and his family will come the daily silent prayer of thanksgiving for the blessings of a Government which holds the liberty and the life of her citizens as matters of first and lasting importance, instilling into the hearts and minds of all who toil a patriotic love of country second only to love of God and of home."

SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS.

We are now offering some of the BEST VALUES we have ever shown in these, and in the newest effects. If you have a Skirt need it will pay you to see them.

A Regular $5.00 Panama Skirt	now $4.00
A Regular $8.50 Chiffon Panama	now $7.00
A 36 in. Black Moneybak Taffeta Silk at this week, regular $1.95 yd.	$1.75 yd
40 in. all wool Taffeta Dress Goods	1.00 yd
52 in. all wool Broadcloths	1.00 yd
90 in. linen finished bleached Sheeting	35c yd
Ladies' Fine Gauze Hose. Special	25c pr
New 14c Spring Dress Ginghams	12½c yd
A good full size Counterpane	$1.00 each
A fine satin Marsailles Counterpane	2.25 each
Black Silk Nets for Waists	$1.00 yd
Homespun Towels, Special	2 for 25c
Nemo Corsets, self reducing	$3.00

NEW BELTS AND BELTINGS.

THE CLARK STORE

BIG OFFER

To All Our Subscribers

The Great

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Annuity Fund Increased.

The annuity fund for the benefit of superannuated ministers of the Central Pennsylvania Conference shows a decided increase. At the present session of conference which is being held at York about $13,000 was added to the fund. $1000 was given by S. W. Dickson and $250 by John W. Evans, both of Berwick.

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3-23-1y*

SHIPS FIRING AT TARGETS

Fleet Busy with Anchored Marks at Sixteen Hundred Yards.

CHINA'S INVITATION

Battleships to Return Home for Review by the President on Washington's Birthday—British Ports Will Not Be Visited as Voyage Would Be Too Long Delayed.

San Diego, Cal., March 26.—Wireless reports from Magdalena Bay tell of rapid progress being made by the sixteen battleships of Rear Admiral Evans's command toward the completion of their record target practice. All of the firing so far has been at a range of 1,600 yards, or just short of a mile. The firing also has been confined to stationary targets, and it is now believed that there will be a change either of range or character of target during the remainder of the practice. At first it was thought that the Magdalena Bay work of the fleet would include a variety of ranges, extending even up to 9,000 yards, the maximum for battle practice with the primary 12 and 13 inch turret guns, and moving targets attached to the end of a long tow line, but late advices say the gunners' practice will be strictly limited to record work at 1,600 yards and at anchored targets 12 by 21 feet in size.

By present plans as announced by Admiral Evans, the fleet will leave Magdalena Bay at daylight on the morning of April 12, just one month to a day from the time of arrival in this most favored of Pacific naval bases. The run from Magdalena Bay to San Diego is about 620 miles, and has been made in forty-seven hours by many of the cruisers. Admiral Evans will allow a fraction over fifty-six hours for the trip, however, as he does not desire to tire out the engineer force.

The battleship fleet will visit China as well as Australia and Japan, and will be home on Washington's Birthday, that President Roosevelt may participate in the welcome before his retirement from office ten days later.

Great Britain has not invited the American battleship fleet to visit England as it returns home, or to make any official calls at British ports on its way, as the British Admiralty understands that the American Government does not desire that the voyage be further delayed. This would be the case if the ships went to England.

President Bars a Newspaper.

Washington, March 25.—President Roosevelt has ordered the Post Office Department to stop the distribution of La Questione Sociale, the inflammatory Paterson, N. J., newspaper. He has asked the Department of Justice to show him a way to prosecute the editors criminally and to advise him how far he can go in a recommendation to Congress toward the suppression of all such papers. The sudden action of the President is the outgrowth of the publication in La Questione Sociale of an article urging its friends to seize the rifles in the Paterson armory, shoot down the police and soldiers in the city, burn dwellings and take over the government of the town.

To Put Down Night Riders.

Lexington, March 26.—The failure of the Kentucky authorities to run down perpetrators of outrages committed by "night riders" has culminated in a direct appeal to the President of the United States for Federal interference. It is in the form of a petition prepared by leading men of Lexington and central Kentucky and put in circulation throughout this section. The petitioners are aware the President can take no action unless the Governor so requests, but they say it is their purpose by this means to bring the two executves together.

Gray of Delaware.

New York, March 26.—Judge George Gray, of Delaware, is Boss Murphys choice for the Democratic Presidential nomination and he is likely to receive 78 votes of the New York State delegation at Denver, according to a Tammany man high in authority. This man says Murphy has gone over the field thoroughly and is firmly convinced that, of all the candidates, Judge Gray has the strongest qualifications and is the one who would be most likely to win.

Mme. Gould to Marry Prince.

New York, March 21.—Mme. Anna Gould, who lost the title of Countess by divorcing Count Boni de Castellane, will shortly become a Princess by marrying Prince Helie de Sagan, the cousin of her former husband.

That the little American heiress had finally and definitely decided on this step was learned from a close friend of Mme. Gould. There only remains to be settled the time and place of marriage and the details of the marriage settlement.

Killing Was Justified.

Chicago, March 26.—A coroner's jury has declared Chief of Police George M. Shippy and J. F. Foley, his driver, to have been justified in killing Lazarus Averbuch, the young Russian, who attacked the Chief in his home recently.

FLEET GOING TO JAPAN.

Invitation Through Ambassador Takahira Accepted by the Cabinet.

Washington, March 26.—The announcement has been made at the Navy Department that the President has accepted the friendly invitation from Japan to have the battleship fleet visit Japanese waters on its way around the world. The invitation was delivered to the Secretary of State by Ambassador Takahira. It was the subject of considerable discussion at the Cabinet meeting and the decision was in favor of acceptance. Decided satisfaction at the receipt and acceptance of the invitation is evident in Administration circles. The visit to Japan is regarded generally as certain to "cement friendship," to use a term of diplomatic formality. And there is no question of the desirability, from the point of view of this Government, of showing to Japan an American fleet of that size and strength.

It is more than likely now that an invitation will be received from China to visit some of the Chinese ports, and Great Britain will also extend an invitation for the fleet to stop in Hong Kong Roads. In case either or both invitations are received they probably will be accepted as promptly as that from Japan.

Minister Forced to Resign.

Rowayton, Conn., March 25.—Because he wrote letters to Miss Clara Raymond, 27 years old, daughter of Charles Raymond, ex-Representative of the town of Norwalk, the Rev. Frank C. Brown, for eight years pastor of the Rowayton Baptist Church, has been forced to resign as pastor, and will be called upon by the Fairfield County Baptist Ministers' Association to show cause why he should not be dropped from the Church.

It is alleged the letters contain improper language and indicate conduct unbecoming a minister of the Baptist Church. They are in possession of the Ministers Association, but none of the ministers will reveal their contents.

New Political Party.

Philadelphia, March 22.—A movement which already has very respectable proportions is on foot to launch a third party in National politics on principles broader and in some respects less extreme than those of the now almost extinct Populists. The party will be called "American" and its platform of principles has been prepared in a form closely following that of the Declaration of Independence of 1776. It is said that the leaders have received assurances that practically all the Populist strength will come to it.

Figures Taft to Win.

Washington, March 23.—In the first statement has has issued since assuming charge of the Taft headquarters in this city, Frank H. Hitchcock came out with a claim for 552 sure delegates for Taft on the basis of the present showing. He figures that this number will be increased as the holding of conventions in States and Congress districts goes on, but declares that the nomination of Secretary Taft on the first ballot is already assured.

Senate Passes Ship Subsidy.

Washington, March 23.—The Ship Subsidy bill has been passed by the Senate. It pays to sixteen-knot vessels plying between this country and South America, the Philippines, Japan, China and Australia, $4 a mile, the amount awarded by the act of 1891 to vessels of twenty knots only. The bill was amended in the Senate so that twelve-knot vessels will receive $2 a mile, which is the allowance under existing law to sixteen-knot vessels.

Alia Sentenced to Death.

Denver, March 25.—In the Criminal Division of the District Court here Judge Greely W. Whitney denied the motion for a new trial for Giusseppe Alia, convicted of the murder of Father Leo Heinrichs, whom he shot to death in St. Elizabeth's Catholic Church, this city, Sunday, Feb. 23. Alia was sentenced to be hanged in the week beginning July 12.

Ill 30 Days, No Doctor.

Chicago, March 25.—The Board of Health is investigating the death of the wife of Commander John M. Orchard, U. S. N. The body of Mrs. Orchard was to have been cremated but the health authorities issued a stop order. It is alleged that, although Mrs. Orchard was ill thirty days, she had no medical attention, being a Christian Scientist. Commander Orchard is in charge of this Lighthouse District.

Iowa Instructs for Taft.

Des Moines, Ia., March 21.—The Republican State Convention has elected four delegates at large to the National Convention, instructed to vote for William H. Taft for Presidential nominee, indorsed Senator William B. Allison for reelection and approved the plank of the Ohio platform calling for a revision of the tariff at a special session of Congress.

Eager to See Roosevelt.

Melbourne, March 21.—The suggestion was mooted in the Australian Senate and greeted with much enthusiasm that the Federal Government invite President Roosevelt to come to Australia as the guest of the Commonwealth during the visit next Summer in Australian waters of the American battleship fleet.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

A well-defined rumor has spread through high social circles that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and his wife have separated, owing to domestic differences of long standing.

Senator La Follette concluded his three-day speech against the Aldrich bill ,declaring that Standard Oil and Morgan in combination dominate all financial powers.

Gov. Proctor of Vermont, appointed ex-Governor J. W. Stewart, United State Senator, and the Maryland Legislature elect ex-Gov. J. W. Smith, both to fill vacancies caused by death.

Leader Williams served notice that the minority will obstruct all legislation until the majority shall take up four reform bills he named.

Because of warning letters and visits from night riders many farmers in the 42 counties in the Kentucky tobacco region are destroying their tobacco beds.

The House of Representatives has adopted a resolution prohibiting gambling in the District of Columbia.

Tammany Hall will send 1,400 members to the Democratic National Convention in Denver next July.

Under authority of the Senate the President will send a commission accompanied by warships to Venezuela to get justice for American investors.

Miss Edna Burns, an actress, entered the editorial rooms of the Waterbury, Conn., American, and horsewhipped the editor.

It has practically been decided by the Navy Department that the battleship fleet will leave Magdalena Bay on April 10.

William James Bryan of Florida, the youngest member of the United States Senate, died in Washington from typhoid fever.

Pay-as-you-enter cars have been successfully put into use in New York City.

Dr. Parkhurst lashed the churches for not aiding Governor Hughes in his anti race-track gambling struggle.

The Democrats of Rhode Island witheld indorsement of Bryan after a hard contest in the State convention held at Providence.

"Doc" Wlson, claiming to be a son of Philip L. Moen, the "Barbed Wire King," refused to accept the $125,000 left him in trust and threatened to lay bare the whole history of Moen's life if he were denied a share of the estate.

The annual report of the United States Steel Corporation showed business gaining steadily since Jan. 1 and that 1907 was the biggest year in the concern's history.

Threats of organizing a White Cap band were made openly in Brewster, N. Y., following the removal of Mrs. E. D. Dixon, Jr., to a sanitarium. Mr. Dixon denied that parental interference had broken up his home.

James J. Coutant, a New Rochelle, N. Y., druggist, bequeathed his business and property worth $200,000, to his two faithful clerks.

Smoking a cigarette a young man stepped from a car on Brooklyn Bridge and, bidding the conductor good-bye, leaped to his death.

A jury gave a motorman who stuck to his post in a collision a verdict for $12,000 against the Union Railway Company of New York.

The Mexican Government has granted the extradition of William F. Walker, the Connecticut banker arrested for embezzlement.

FOREIGN.

President Alexis, it is announced in a special despatch from Port au Prince, says that the government will do its best to embark all the refugees in the legations as soon as possible, so that the country may return to its normal state.

That Italy's sovereign will decorate Senator Elkins, is one of the rumors flying about Rome, and another is that King and President have exchanged congratulations over the betrothal of the Duke of the Abruzzi and Miss Elkins.

Rome society was pained to hear a rumor that Senator Elkins had rejected a proposition to make him an Italian Duke.

Alfred Vanderbilt, says a special despatch intends to make his permanent home in the British metropolis.

The French cruiser Cassard has been ordered to the coast of Morocco to try to rescue the twenty men of the crew of the French fishing vessel, Baliene, who were recently captured by Moors.

In a special despatch from Shanghai it is stated that the Chinese of Canton, Hankau and Shanghai have decided to boycott Japanese goods as a result of the Tatsu Maru incident.

The Reichstag press reporters, according to a Berlin despatch, are still on strike.

THE DUKE AND MISS ELKINS.

Pope Said to Have Granted Special Dispensation for the Marriage.

Rome, March 26.—The official Journal for the first time admits that the Duke of Abruzzi, cousin of the King, and Miss Katherine Elkins are engaged. It is said that the King might have preferred a more elevated marriage but that he offers no opposition to it. Senator Elkins, the lady's father will be ennobled, and the Duke will be promoted to Vice-Admiral, with his residence in the royal palace at Venice. Miss Elkins probably will become a Catholic. Cardinal Gibbons will perform the ceremony. Two months' notice is necessary in the case of a royal marriage, but the King has power to dis-

DUKE OF ABRUZZI.

pense with these formalities. It is reported that at the special request of the Italian King the Pope has granted a special dispensation for the marriage. Obtaining a dispensation at the Vatican does not necessarily imply that the marriage will take place here, as the Duke now can be married in any diocese of the world. The rule of the Church, however, is that the bride's parish shall be the proper place for the ceremony, and because of this it is very probable that the ducal marriage will take place in the United States.

Orchard Sentenced to Die.

Caldwell, Idaho, March 20.—Harry Orchard has been sentenced by Judge Fremont Wood to be hanged on May 15. Declaring that he believed that Harry Orchard, in his testimony in the trials of William D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone for the murder of ex-Gov. Steunenberger told the exact truth, attempting to conceal nothing, Judge Wood in the District Court, recommended that the State Board of Pardons commute Orchard's sentence of death to imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The sentence of death was pronounced in accordance with the plea of guilty entered by Orchard when arraigned.

Chinese Indignant at Japan.

Canton, March 24.—The greatest indignation prevails here against the government fo yielding to the Japanese demands in the Tatsu Maru case, it being considered that the Government's action in this matter has brought disgrace upon this province. The Self-Government Society of Canton has organized several big indignation meetings, at which resolutions were adopted that the anniversary of the release of the Tatsu Maru be observed as a day of public mourning. The resolution also declared a boycott against Japanese goods.

Gates to Compete with Paper Trust.

Port Arthur, Tex., March 24.—John W. Gates announces that he will erect a paper mill to compete with the Paper Mill Trust. He has also arranged to establish a big cotton seed oil mill. He says that he has raised three-quarters of a million dollars in New York to aid in building the proposed Port Arthur and Houston Short Line Railroad, and he has added a quarter of a million dollars to this sum, making $1,000,000

Newspaper Plant Dynamited.

Rock Island, March 25.—Dynamite exploded in a press of the printing plant of the Rock Island Daily News destroying the machine and practically wrecking the building. The News was founded three years ago by John Looney, a lawyer and politician, and was lately giving attention to saloons and the gambling element in Rock Island and Chicago. Looney was indicted last June on numerous counts for conspiracy, extortion, and criminal libel, but has not been convicted on counts that have so far come to trial. now ready for the purpose.

Heinze Pays $22,000 Fine.

Helena, Mont., March 24.—The fine of $22,000 imposed upon F. Augustus Heinze and his two mine Superintendents for contempt of court has been forwarded to the National Treasury at Washington. The fines were imposed for violation of an injunction in connection with litigation over Butte mines.

Japanese Give to Fleet.

San Diego, Cal., March 23.—Local Japanese have turned over to the general reception committee $211 as their contribution toward the welcome of the American battleship fleet. Nearly all the donors are servants and laborers, the amounts given ranging from 25 cents to $5.

ALL EYES ON CONGRESS

To Decide on the Most Important Matters Now Before the Nation.

VENEZUELAN MISSION

Labors Challenge Met—President and Party Leaders Willing to Yield Only Part of Its Demands—"Stand Patters" Realize That Tariff Revision Must Be Provided For.

Washington, Mar. 26.—Congressional and administrative matters will reach a stage this week where the attention of the entire country will be focussed on the White House and the Capitol as it has not been in years.

On the eve of a Presidential campaign, on the heels of a financial disturbance, and with the battleships in the Pacific, the dominant party is about to take steps which will decide whether there is to be a tariff revision, whether there is to be an adjustment of the strife between labor and capital, whether there is to be an emergency currency, and whether there is to be a little war with Venezuela.

An enumeration of what is coming quick and fast before the attention of Congress includes matters in which the entire American public is vitally interested. As a first step in holding the public attention, President Roosevelt will transmit from Secretary Root the official record and reports on the matter at issue with Venezuela.

There will be a vote in the Senate on the Emergency Currency bill, which has been before that body for almost two and a half months, and then the bill will go to the house. Its fate will probably be decided in the affirmative in that body.

President Roosevelt is expected to send to Congress a special message, embodying his views upon matters upon which he thinks Congress should act. Assurances are given that this message will differ in tone, if not in substance, from that which he sent on January 31, and which was regarded by the financial interests as especially hostile to them and was given as a reason for another slump in the stock market.

The coming message is outlined as conservative and conciliatory. It is said to be not very long and to deal with practically all matters in which the President is interested. These are labor, railroad combinations, right to combine on the part of railroads and labor unions, tariffs, trusts, with the right of combination to exist under law; an Employers' Liability bill and immunity of labor unions from the "three penalty clause" of the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

Capital does not get all it demands in the message, but it gets much. Labor does not get all it demands in the message, but it gets much. The President will not recommend that Congress legalize that favorable weapon denounced in the report of the Coal Strike Commission, the boycott.

But this is not all that is coming to the attention of Congress. The tariff reformers in the republican party have won a victory over the "stand patters" and the latter have been brought to realize that revision is coming and that they had better take a hand and have the tariff revised by its "friends" rather than by its "enemies."

That the President and all the party leaders are ready to accept the challenge for the labor unions, led by Mr. Gompers, in their attacks on the courts and in their insistence that they be given special rights over all other organizations and corporations is being made perfectly clear.

The administration is ready to meet the unions half way and give them what is reasonable, but the address issued to the "workers" by the unions bidding them insist on upsetting the courts by forced legislative action ,and to support no candidate for President or Congress unless he did their bidding, has not had the effect of changing the attitude of either of the President or the leaders in Congress.

Gen. Smirnoff Shot in Duel.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—A sensational sequel to the Port Arthur court-marital was the duel fought by two of the principal defenders of the fortress, Lieut.-Gens. Smirnoff and Fock, in which Smirnoff was seriously wounded in the abdomen above the right thigh. At first it was believed that the wound was mortal, but the surgeons attending the General said that there is no cause for alarm.

King May Lose His Arm.

Madrid, March 24.—El Mundo says it has learned on good authority that the wound Prince Manuel—now King of Portugal—received in the arm on Feb. 1, when King Carlos and the Crown Prince were assassinated, has not healed, and has recently become very much worse. The attendant physician, El Mundo says, declares that amputation is imperative.

Duke of Devonshire Dead.

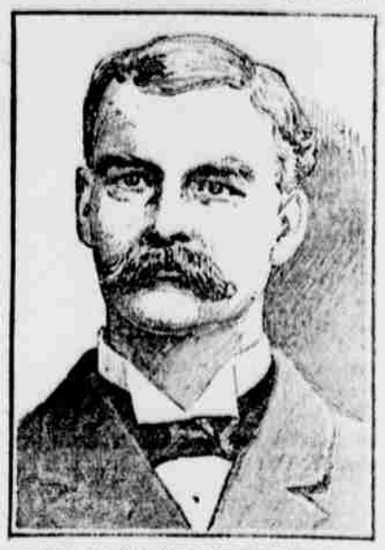
Cannes, March 26.—Spencer Compton Cavendish, eighth Duke of Devonshire, died here of heart disease. He was born July 23, 1833, and was a son of the seventh Duke and Blanche, daughter of the Earl of Carlisle.

MR. LITTLEFIELD RESIGNS.

Maine Representative Announces His Retirement from Congress.

Rockland, Me., Mar. 26.—A sensation was caused in political circles here by the receipt by Governor William T. Cobb of a letter from Representative Charles E. Littlefield, tendering his resignation as a member of Congress, to take effect on September 30 next.

In the same mail was a communication to the chairman of the Second District Republican Congressional



CHARLES E. LITTLEFIELD.

Committee from Mr. Littlefield giving as a reason for his resignation a desire to resume his law practice, which in a large degree he has been compelled to abandon because of his legislative duties.

The resignation came as a great surprise to Governor Cobb and to the Representative's friends in this district and was received with much regret.

Coreans Shoot D. W. Stevens.

San Francisco, March 25.—With a revolver concealed in a handkerchief, I. W. Chang, a Corean, shot and severely wounded D. W. Stevens, formerly counselor to the Japanese Embassy in Washington, and now diplomatic advisor to the Korean Government, as Stevens was about to leave here for Washington. Three shots were fired at Stevens by Chang, the first bullet perhaps fatally wounding M. W. Chun, who with Chang and another Corean, attacked Stevens as he was leaving an automobile to enter the ferry building. The other two shots took effect in Mr. Stevens's back, one bullet striking under the right shoulder blade near the spinal column and the other a few inches lower. While the wounds are serious it is said that the chances for Mr. Stevens' recovery are good.

Prince De Sagan Here.

Philadelphia, March 25.—Doubt as to whether Prince Helie de Sagan, suitor for the hand of Mme. Anna Gould, was in this country, was dispelled, when the Prince was recognized in the Hotel Bellevue-Stratford by persons who had known him in Paris. The Prince came here after his flight from New York and registered in the hotel as Bertrand Dufresne of Paris. Prince de Sagan denied his identity, and he maintained he was Dufresne, a French merchant. He refused, however, to show his passport.

Historic Hotel to Close.

New York, March 26.—The Fifth Avenue Hotel will close forever on April 4. Notice to that effect was posted throughout the famous old hostelry. The guests, some of whom have lived in the place for more than a quarter of a century ,are making preparations to find new quarters.

Change Navy Flags' Stars.

Washington, March 26.—Secretary Metcalf issued orders providing for the change in the naval flags due to the addition of one star through the advent of Oklahoma to the Union. On July 4, the flags will contain 46 stars arranged in six rows.

Six Reichstag reporters will challenge the Centrist leader who looked at the press gallery and shouted "Swine!"

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, $1.01⅛@$1.02⅛.
No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.14⅝.
CORN—No. 2, 69@74¾.
OATS—Mixed, white 57c.
MILK—3½c per quart.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 26½@27½c. State Dairy 24c.
CHEESE—State, full cream, 15¾@16¼.
EGGS—State and nearby, fancy, 19@20c; do., good to choice 17½@18½; western firsts 16c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 7@9c.
CALVES—City Dressed 8½@13½. Country dressed, 8@11c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lb., $4.50.
HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $4.80@$5.20.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs.,$1.05.
STRAW—Long Rye, 60@70c.
LIVE POULTRY—Chickens per lb., 12@14c.; Turkeys, per lb., 15c.; Ducks per lb., 15c; Fowls per lb., 14c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 10@13½c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 25@28c.
ONIONS—White, per bbl., $5.00@$6.00.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, L. I., per bbl., $2.50@$2.75.

MEN FISH ON HORSEBACK

Odd Sights On the Belgian Coast Near Ostend.

GUIDED BY ANIMALS

Mounted Men Ride Out Into the Sea and When Their Nets are Full the Horses Draw Them Back — Often In the Water an Hour—Women Help in the Work.

Of all queer ways of fishing—shooting with bow and arrow in the Andaman Islands, poisoning the water in Nigeria and using dynamite in Corea — the palm for picturesqueness goes in Flanders, says the New York Sun.

Ostend is one of the most expensive and fashionable resorts in the world, but few of its summer visitors realize that within a few miles of the great Casino and King Leopold's villa there is a desert of rolling sand peopled only by rabbits and a little colony of Flemish fishing folk who are almost as much cut off from the world as though they lived in Lhasa.

Some faint echo of Ostend must have penetrated here, because one end of the village now calls itself Knocke-sur-Mains. It consists of a row of small hotels where one may stay for $1 a day, and some tiny lodging houses with perhaps half a dozen bathing machines. There is even a sleepy little pier but the whole air of the place is languid and faded as if sinking back into oblivion after a spasmodic effort.

A little further along the coast the desert begins—a vast extent of naked dunes stretching in some places far inland and utterly worthless for cultivation even by the poorest of the poor.

It is here among the rabbit haunted dunes that the queer fishermen live. They and their wives and little ones appear to have chosen the most dreary and forlorn part of the coast for their abode. They live the lives of their forefathers over again, earning their daily bread in exactly the same way that their ancestors did generations ago.

All along the North Sea's edge shrimping and fishing are the chief industries of the people, who supply Paris, northern France and the greater part of Belgium with sea food. Some of them wade out into the sea or drift in small boats, raking the bottom with their nets. But the waders cannot go out into deep enough water, nor can the boatmen force their nets along with sufficient vigor to be successful.

Hence fishing on horseback and mounted regiments of old salts like mediaeval warriors. Their slouch hats recall the helmets of Cromwell's Ironsides, their baskets might be shields and bucklers, while the net poles recall the pikes, lances and halberds. And the big tarpaulin jacket and long leggings glisten like the armor of other days.

The men go forth when the tide is almost at its lowest, for the catch usually increases as the tide recedes. In parties of three or six the mounted men meet in a certain spot on the beach, and descend to where the white line of surf rolls in from the North Sea. Sometimes there will be twenty horsemen, often assisted by equally robust looking women and children, who spread out and fix the simple nets, while the great patient Flemish horses stand motionless waiting for the signal to begin their work. Lots are drawn for the best places since the one who is farthest out at sea gets the biggest take. And one quaint thing about these "cavalrymen" is that they are perpetually smoking long and strong cigars while fishing.

At last all is ready and at a given signal the big horses step into the foaming water, advancing until some show little more than their small heads. Then lining up in a row they commence their journey parallel with the coast, dragging the nets behind them without regard to the dashing waves, which to the onlooker threaten both horse and rider with destruction.

There are strong currents, and the water is bitterly cold, yet neither horse nor rider appears to meet with disaster. They never stop nor change their pace, and the riders — often awash almost up to their breasts — continue to pull at cigar or pipe.

Now and then the four men on the extreme outside in deepest water suddenly change their course and wheel around shoreward while others slow up. This allows the next four to occupy their place, and thus turn and turn about is given to each man so that the sea's harvest may be equally divided.

The horses are marvelously expert in avoiding holes under the water — indeed, their owners assert they are more sure footed at sea than on land. It is said, too, they have decided theories of their own about currents, and obstinately refuse to venture out into what they consider dangerous waters.

They know, too, what is the state of net they are dragging, and which is the right moment to turn toward the shore. Certain it is the horses rather than the men give the signal to turn home, and it would be hard as well as tactless to endeavor to go further than their instinct directs.

COMMON SENSE

Leads most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle wrappers and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody. Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formulæ, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized. Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs. Examine the formula on their bottle wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great, blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet *does cure* all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on-coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" *in time* and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a *thorough* and *fair* trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials. They are not given away to be experimented with but are sold by all dealers in medicines at reasonable prices.

How to Darn.

The darning of narrow lace edges is a most difficult matter.

If the tear is a serious one, the edges of the lace can be basted upon the selvages of muslin and placed in the embroidery hoop.

Care must be taken not to sew into the muslin.

If the edge is destroyed entirely or in part, the lace may be basted upon white letter paper and stitched several times to form a new edge and cross-threads stitched to hold this edge in place, then the paper pulled away and the remaining stitches put in on the machine or by hand.

Hamburg edgings and insertions can be darned in the same way. They should preferably be free of starch and smoothly ironed to facilitate perfect work.

White mosquito netting that has been washed will be found to give a good foundation for darning coarsely woven underwear on the machine, and soft black mosquito netting should be basted under the holes in the knees of boys' stockings.

It should be basted directly across the hole and the machine darning be done directly upon it. The rough edges and threads can afterward be trimmed away.

When you are through darning upon the machine do not forget to replace the pressure upon the pressure foot and the stitch action to the feed, otherwise you may be very much puzzled the next time you go to the machine, and wonder why it "won't make a stitch."

Combinations of Color.

After all there is nothing more important in a costume than combination of color, for no matter how rich the material, if the colors do not harmonize the gown will be wrong. For this reason, brown and gold have remained so very popular, as have also smoke gray and silver.

A charming tea gown is of silver grey crepe de chine, made empire and finished with yoke and sleeves of white Oriental lace which is net embroidered in heavily raised dots. The gown hangs straight and untrimmed from bust to hem, where it has a band of silver braid.

A tea gown of brown chiffon velvet is made in a rather skimpy style cut in slightly at the waist line, while the yoke and sleeves are of ecru net heavily embroidered with gold thread. At the foot of the gown is a band of the same embroidered filet, only the thread extends over the edge of the net in places and makes a pretty curve on the velvet.

Ecru is always an attractive color, and so is champagne, and both combine beautifully with a deep golden brown. Blue is the hardest of all colors to trim, but its own color in a lighter or a darker shade is always a safe combination.

Straight Hair Remedy.

Straight hair is the bane of a girl's existence, and her lucky sister who was born with naturally wavy locks does not realize the agony the girl with the straight hair endures.

A good solution is the white of an egg mixed with an equal amount of rose water and a few drops of some fragrant perfume. Then the hair should be slightly shampooed with the mixture before wrapping around the curlers. Left until thoroughly dry, then brushed gently, the hair will be wavy, with a soft sheen on it, besides looking light and fluffy, and the wave will remain permanent in spite of rain and fog.

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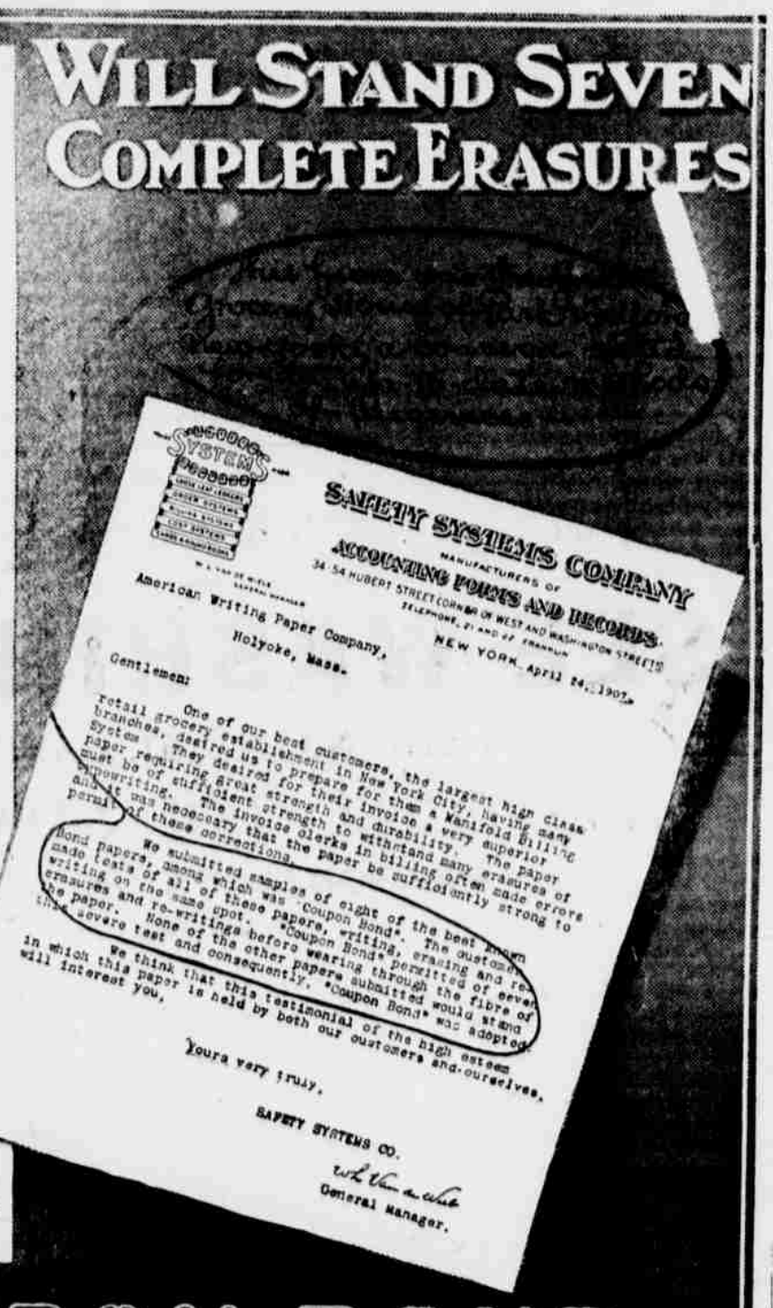
WILL STAND SEVEN COMPLETE ERASURES


SAFETY SYSTEMS COMPANY
MANUFACTURERS OF
ACCOUNTING FORMS AND RECORDS
34-54 HUBERT STREET CORNER OF WEST AND WASHINGTON STREETS
NEW YORK, April 24, 1907.
American Writing Paper Company,
Holyoke, Mass.
Gentlemen:
One of our best customers, the largest high class retail grocery establishment in New York City, having many branches, desired us to prepare for them a Manifold Billing System. They desired for their invoice a very superior paper requiring great strength and durability. The paper must be of sufficient strength to withstand many erasures of errors in typewriting. The invoice clerks in billing often made errors and it was necessary that the paper be sufficiently strong to permit of these corrections.
We submitted samples of eight of the best known bond papers, among which was "Coupon Bond". The customer made tests of all of these papers, writing, erasing and rewriting on the same spot. "Coupon Bond" permitted of seven erasures and re-writings before wearing through the fibre of the paper. None of the other papers submitted would stand this severe test and consequently "Coupon Bond" was adopted.
We think that this testimonial of the high esteem in which this paper is held by both our customers and ourselves will interest you.
Yours very truly,
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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1908.

GANOGA LAKE.

Among a series of articles on this section of Pennsylvania appearing in the Sunday *Philadelphia Record* was the following, last Sunday:

A LAKE ON THE MOUNTAIN TOP.

Winding past the forest-shaded shores of beautiful Lake Harvey, the mountain loop of the Lehigh Valley road ascends by a tortuous course the crest of the Allegheny ridge beyond the lake to reach Ganoga Lake, formerly known as Long Pond, located very nearly on the crest of the mountain plateau, a thousand feet higher than the waters of Lake Harvey. One has to ride over this Bowman's Creek branch through miles of wild mountain scenery, accentuated constantly by large lumbering operations, to realize that it is possible for a lake to be found on the very apex of the Allegheny ridge. In the steep ascent of the line after leaving Harvey's Lake it crosses sparkling streams, rugged ravines and dense glades.

Ganoga Lake itself is reached by a spur of track which branches off from the main Bowman's Creek branch at Ricketts' Station, named in honor of the famous commander of the Ricketts' Battery, who is still living and largely interested in lumber operations in this section. The spur of track which leaves the main line at Ricketts' Station for Lake Ganoga winds and twists away among the lumber piles and plunges into the primitive forest. One of the pictures shows the track, flanked on either side by the tall hemlock trees, towering toward the sky. The cars of the Ganoga Lake branch are backed along this wild wood lane to finally come to a halt beside a rustic station in the depths of the forest. The lake close by, is dotted in the fair summer days with the light blue punts which are the typical water craft of this mountain lake region

Ganoga Lake is situated in Colley township, the extreme eastern township of Sullivan county. Except for the presence of a small clearing at the boat landing it is environed by the unbroken forest. Its most unique and distinguishing feature, however, is its high altitude, it being the highest body of fresh water east of the Rocky Mountains. The United Census Survey map of 1900 places its elevation above tide at 2235 feet, more than 200 feet higher than the famous Eaglesmere, located in Shrewsbury township of the same county, and which in the same map is given an elevation of 2001 feet.

Everything about the lake smacks of its mountain environment. In the climb through these wild glens to reach this lake 33 cascades are encountered, some of which are a hundred feet in height. Trails lead through the woods to various points of romantic interest. One of these takes visitors to Cliff View, half a mile from the hotel. From this point a magnificent panorama of mountain, ravine and valley spreads away to the westward. Glen Ganoga and Glen Leigh furnish tours for visitors to this romantic section. Other local points of more than passing interest within easy reach are known as Rhododendron Point, Stella Spring, Mehoopany Spring and Far View.

While possessing the unique characteristic of being the most elevated body of fresh water in the entire Appalachian plateau, Lake Ganoga is in a section well supplied with other lakes, each one of which is the source of some tributary of the main streams which drain this region.

Although the primitive forests which formerly crowned the mountains and valleys of Sullivan county have been largely denuded by the saw mills and tanneries which dot this section, Sullivan county still remains sparsely settled and to all intents is a forest-covered county, a favorite resort of health-seekers, hunters and trout fishermen. The county, which covers an area of 465 square miles, had in 1900 a population of only 12,134, or about 25 to the square mile. Scattered through this forest-covered mountain district, in addition to Ganoga Lake, are to be found Eaglesmere, Hunter's Lake, Grant Lake, Lake Mokoma, Elk Lake, Painter's Den Pond and others, Eaglesmere having been for years a famous summer resort. Ganoga Lake, however, owing to its higher altitude and its rugged forest and mountain surroundings is fast becoming a rival of the more widely-known Eaglesmere. Lake Ganoga is provided with a good summer resort hotel and its shores are likely to be surrounded by a constantly-increasing number of summer cottages as its charms and healthfulness become more widely known.

Your Duty is to be Well.

But you cannot be well if you neglect taking Hood's Sarsaparilla when you know you should take it. Impure blood, poor appetite, headache, nervousness, that tired feeling—by these and other signs your system demands Hood's. Get a bottle today.

Glow of Health—"My blood was very poor. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I have more color in my face, sleep and eat well, and work is a pleasure." MRS. A. A. HOWARD, Taunton, Mass.

In Worst Form—"I had catarrh in the worst form and was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took seven bottles and am now in good health. I hope everyone who has catarrh will give Hood's a fair trial." MRS. WILLIAM METCALF, Parkerford, Pa.

Always Praise—"I first took Hood's Sarsaparilla 13 years ago, and always speak in favor of it." H. COWDELL, 237 Perry Street, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. In the usual liquid, or in tablet form called **Sarsatabs.** 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co. Lowell, Mass.

The Growth of Temperance.

A century ago drunkenness was a prevalent vice among all classes in England. So little was thought of it that William Pitt could appear in the House of Commons in a state of beastly intoxication while Prime Minister without provoking any unfavorable remark. Today our upper and middle classes are as sober as any people in the world. How has this change been brought about? Certainly not by acts of Parliament or compulsory restrictions of any kind upon the consumption of liquor. I suppose it is due to the progress of education and refinement, a better understanding of the poisonous effects of alcohol, and the formation of a more wholesome public opinion in consequence. As a matter of fact, the same influences have been working with good and increasing effect in the lower strata of society for twenty years or more past.

—*London Times.*

Senator Penrose Ill.

United States Senator Boies Penrose who has been ill for several weeks is lying at his home in Philadelphia in a very serious condition. A consultation of eminent specialists was held on Tuesday, and a bulletin stated that he was "extremely ill." His brother was summoned by telegram from Colorado.

TAFT MANAGER SEES HIM NAMED ON FIRST BALLOT.

Says He Already is Assured of Sixty-one Votes More Than Majority of the Convention.

Secretary Taft is as good as nominated, according to Frank H. Hitchcock, his Washington manager, who claim that 552 delegates to the Chicago convention already had assured him. In his summary of the situation he asserted that New England will give Taft 52 votes, Ohio, 46; other Northern and Eastern States, 52; Southern States east of the Mississippi, 128; States and Territories west of the Mississippi, 270; outlying Terrotories, 4.

In the convention 491 votes will be sufficient to nominate, thus Hitchcock figures Taft already is assured of 61 votes more than enough to give him the prize on the first ballot. In addition to the votes already claimed, New Mexico will instruct for Taft, according to Hitchock, and the State Committees of North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Colorado, Washington, Arkansas and Louisiana have adopted resolutions indorsing the Taft candidacy.

Capitol Cases Are Expensive.

Lawyers' Fees and Other Expenses Will Run Total Into Many Thousands.

So far the first capitol graft case has cost the Commonwealth $6,405.12. This is exclusive of the witness fees, which will not be paid until after the case is finally disposed of, and of the costs to the prothonotary and sheriff, which are small. All of the sixty-eight jurors drawn and retained for a few weeks and the twelve who served for seven weeks in the cases have now been paid their $2.50 a day and their car fare. This item amounts to $4,566.32. The 500 trial lists and stationery, used during the trial cost the Commonwealth $22 and the stenographers' salaries amounted to $1,816.80 making the total of $6405.12.

The fees of James Scarlet and Senator Fox and David T. Watson, of Pittsburg, called into the case by the State, will be paid by the State. These will not be a small item in the cost of the case. The cost of the twenty-eight detectives, who got from five to eight dollars a day, will be another large part of the bill.

The defendants' bill will not be light either. Several of the defendants had two or more lawyers employed. It is said that Sanderson, who had a large number of experts working for him, had to pay out about $300 a day during the greater part of the trial. Including the character witnesses each of the convicted defendants had about fifty witnesses, many of them being from localities far off from Harrisburg. Their expenses were large.

There will be no new developments in the graft cases, it is expected until the next case is started on May 11. In the meanwhile the only routine matters that will turn up will be the reasons for new trials for the convicted men and the drawing of sixty or seventy-two jurors for the next graft case.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THAW DIVORCE A BLUFF.

Viewed Now as Part of Scheme to Free Slayer From Asylum.

What is regarded by those who have closely followed the Thaw divorce-annulment proceedings as the most significant statement that has been made, comes in the form of a positive denial by Colonel Franklin Bartlett, counsel for Mrs. William Thaw, that there is a disagreement between the members of the Thaw family.

Simultaneously with this announcement comes the rumor that there is to be no annulment or even a divorce for Evelyn Nesbit Thaw because a friendly commission is expected to declare her husband sane when this point in the proceedings is reached. It is said that this would serve as an immediate legal ground for the release of the Pittsburg millionaire from Matteawan on a writ of habeas corpus.

The rumor cannot be confirmed but, taken in conjunction with the statement of Colonel Bartlett, and the declaration of Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw not long since, it becomes interesting. The statement made by the young woman was: "Only Harry and I know the reason. It was something that happened during the first trial."

Speaking of the opinion expressed by Dr. Hamilton that Thaw is a hopeless paranoiac, Mr. Bartlett said that Thaw seemed to him to be perfectly sane.

"Although I am not a physician or an alienist this view is based on experience derived from the examination of hundreds of men in my experience as a lawyer, as a regimental commander, and in political life."

There are now four Republican candidates for county commissioner, and the fight is waxing warm. As the primary election on April 11th is now practically the nominating convention for all parties, there will probably be a big vote out.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel McHenry, late of Rohrsburg.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel McHenry, late of Rohrsburg, County of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

G. B. M. McHENRY,
ROCELIA SAVAGE,
Executors.

Wm. Chrisman, Attorney. 3-26-6t*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Kate J. Pope, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds, in the hands of W. C. Johnston, Executor of said deceased, as shown by his first and final account, filed in said Orphan's Court, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at his office in the Moyer Building, on Main Street, in the Town of Bloomsburg aforesaid, on Friday, the 27th day of March, 1908, at 9 A. M. of said day, to perform the duties of his appointment, and when and where all persons interested in said estate may appear and present their claims or be forever after debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

2-27-ta. CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

ADVANCE SHOWING OF WHITE GOODS

We have just placed on sale the most complete assortment of New White Dress Materials we have ever shown--all the new Plaids, Stripes and Fancy Weaves from 12½ cents to 75 cents a yard. Early buyers are invited to inspect this stock before making purchases.

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WILL LEAVE ON
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A SPECIAL TRAIN
will be run from Wilkes-Barre to Washington and return, and will leave East Bloomsburg at 9:59 A. M. A stop will be made at Harrisburg for luncheon on going trip.
ROUND TRIP RATE $13.80
covers transportation to and from Washington and hotel accommodations from dinner on date of tour until after luncheon the following Thursday—three days.
SEE CONGRESS IN SESSION
For detailed itinerary and full information apply to Ticket Agents, or address Tourist Agent, 50 Public Square, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
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It proves successful in cases where all other medicines have totally failed. No sufferer should despair as long as this remedy is untried. It has an unbroken record of success for over 30 years, and has won hosts of warm friends.
Are you suffering from any disease traceable to the causes mentioned? If so, **Dr. Kennedy** has staked his personal and professional reputation on the statement that **Favorite Remedy** will do you good.
FREE.—Send for **a free trial bottle** and booklet containing valuable medical advice. Write also for an **"Easy Test"** for finding out if you have kidney disease. Address **Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N.Y.** Mention this paper.
REMEMBER, the full name is DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY, made at Rondout, N. Y., and the price is **$1.00** (six bottles $5.00) at all druggists.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf